THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1873. [VOLUME VI—NUMBER 86

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition!

ATLANTA, SEPTEMBER 27, 1873.

THE BANKS OF ATLANTA.

The People Stand by Them, and They Weather the Storm.

The editors of THE CONSTITUTION circulated among the banks of the city this morning and were delighted to find a strong and hopeful feeling everywhere. Telegrams from various correspondents in New York state that a better *feeling* prevails there, and that the banks now are all right.

The resident New York partner of one of our largest jobbing houses, Messrs. Crane, Boylton & Co., writes that much better feeling existed, and that orders should be continued as heretofore.

In the Atlanta National Bank we found a dead calm—nothing going on outside the usual routine of business. General Austell, or no one else, anticipates any effect upon this bank. He has received to-day favorable despatches from New York.

The State National Bank moves along smoothly, and parties were depositing money while our reporter was in.

The Citizens' Bank had received this morning largely more from deposit than had been paid out. We are glad also to state that two gentlemen purchased some of the stock, paying the cash for it. Hon. H. P. Bell took ten shares, and Hon. Madison Bell five.

The Georgia Trust and Banking Co., is all serene, to-day. When it whipped the fight yesterday, its trouble was past.

As to the Georgia Railroad Bank, no one has any more idea of running against that than of butting against Stone Mountain.

One bank president deposited an additional ten thousand dollars this morning, and a director eight thousand.

On the whole, we believe the Atlanta banks have won the day, thanks to their management and the action of our merchants.

Indeed there would have been no trouble whatever, except for the conduct of special depositors, who were receiving interest upon their deposits, and yet withdrawing them from banks at the time they were most needed. No one would die of regret if a similar fate should befall all of them, as to one, who drew out nine hundred dollars yesterday and had his pocket picked before he reached home. We are hopeful that the crisis has passed and business will move ahead. It will be a great triumph for Atlanta, if her banks pass safely through the ordeal, and nothing now but the folly of our people will prevent it.

Summary of State News.

CARTERSVILLE.

Measures have been inaugurated for building a Second Methodist Church in Cartersville, to be located on the east side of the railroad. An eligible lot has been donated.——The grand jury for the second week of the Superior Court of this county have recommended a tax on dogs.——The Etowah Dragoons turned out in force last Saturday evening, and received their arms.—*Standard and Express.*

BARNESVILLE.

About four hundred bales of cotton have been received in Barnesville during the past week.——The Flint River Baptist Association convenes in Barnesville next Friday.——Dr. J. S. Lavender will organize a Grange near Mr. Read's, five miles west of Zebulon on Friday.——A Barnesville policeman practiced his art shooter on a running darkey the other day, but it was no go. The nigger out travelled the bullet.——Bells Excampment No. 16, I. O. O. F., was instituted on Thursday, the 18th instant, in Barnesville, by Grand Patriarch Charles D. Stroberg, of Macon, and others. At a meeting of the Pike County Agricultural Society, held in Zebulon, on Saturday last, Artis Stafford, Esq., was unanimously elected County Superintendent, and Mr. Thomas J. Barrett, Assistant Superintendent, to take charge of and place in position the articles from Pike county for exhibition at the State Fair.—*Gazette.*

WARRENTON.

The October Term of Warrenton Superior Court will convene on Monday, October 6th.——Reports from Glascock represent severe damage from caterpillar.——Fifteen or twenty converts, the fruits of the protracted meeting just closed at the Methodist Church, will be baptized on the first Sunday in October.——The caterpillars have played havoc with the cotton in Warren county, and are now attacking the sap trees, and stripping them of their foliage.—*Clipper.*

COLUMBUS.

A northern merchant has telegraphed his Columbus debtors to send him greenback by express in payment of notes for goods. He wanted no exchange.——The Columbus Baptist Association commences at Hamilton on Saturday next.——A little boy and girl, children of an operative in the Columbus factory, on Tuesday went muscadine hunting. While in the woods the girl was bitten on the ankle by a small milk snake. The brother applied tobacco to the wound, and carried his sister home, where she was treated with whisky. The child suffered considerably, but has recovered.—*Sun.*

CALHOUN.

Mr. Robert A. Terrell, of Calhoun, died on last Friday morning of bilious fever. He was a young man and had been admitted to the bar only a few months.——A meeting of the Calhoun bar has been held and resolutions highly complimentary to the deceased have been passed.—*Times.*

ROME.

Married in Rome Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, by Judge A. S. Hawkins, Mr. B. E. Richardson to Miss Mary Adams.——A prominent miller of Rome, purchased last Monday from a certain farmer, at $1 per bushel, his entire wheat crop for 1874. This is the last contract for the next wheat crop.—*Commercial.*

EASTMAN.

Cotton is daily rolled into town by the cart load.——Some unknown rascal shot the corporation dog last Tuesday night, and Eastman is in mourning.——Professor Kilbee lectured at the academy last Monday night on the subject of phrenology. He had a fine audience.—*Times.*

At Parker's church Camp Ground, near No. 1 on the Central Railroad, a camp meeting occurred last week. The crowd was large and the accommodations ample. Twenty-one lovely young ladies concluded they would sleep together in one bed. Accordingly they all got in, and an elder sister tucked the covering nicely all around. About midnight the silence that had reigned supreme was interrupted by something which sounded very much like a thump, and immediately followed by just twenty-one shrieks. There was a tremendous running to and fro of Elders and sisters. The screams came from the tent with the big bed. The excited crowd rushed in to discover twenty-one lovely young lasses piled upon the ground in promiscuous confusion, and making the evening zephyrs melodious with their complaints. It seems that the deceitful bed, being overcome by the weight of the mattress that reposed upon it, had given way in its side-pinning. The spill that ensued was dreadful. There was a manufacturing of poultices, and a tearing up of bandages until nearly day break. The bed was put to rights and again made up, and the excited young betook themselves to slumber, but the turn out of young sisters to the next morning's prayer meeting was fearfully slim.

DALTON.

On the night of the 13th a young man, about 17 years old, stole a horse from Mr. Waterhouse, of Murray county, and "lit" with that horse run away.——He had the horse, however, were followed and caught, and now he was found guilty in the Superior Court, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years. He will scarcely give his name.——The Christian commenced a meeting near Dalton on Friday, which has been progressing several days. The have conducted the meeting with commendable sobriety.——The Dalton Baptists are having a revival.—*North Georgia Citizen.*

TALBOTTON.

W. H. Harvey, the clever hotel proprietor, at this place, was married last Sunday evening to Mrs. Annie T. Galborne, by Rev. R. W. Dixon. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a few friends.——Active efforts are being made by Mr. W. Dabney, and other enterprising farmers, to organize a Grange at Mount Zion Church.——Mr. L. A. Lemmon, of Talbotton, died at his residence last Saturday night.——The Superior Court adjourned last Friday.—*Standard.*

ARTHUR.

The dwelling house of Mrs. W. B. McLain, near Arthur, with all its contents was destroyed by fire on Friday night the 22d. Mrs. McLain and her family, children and negroes barely escaped with their lives. It is not known how the fire originated.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

FRIDAY NOON NEWS

THE GREAT CRISIS.

A NUMBER OF NEW SUSPENSIONS—A GENERAL POLICY OF PARTIAL SUSPENSIONS—LARGE FLOW OF MONEY OUT OF NEW YORK.

FULL SUSPENSIONS.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—Suspensions—Wooten, Webb & Co., Indianapolis; Danville, Va., banks; Planters and Commercial Bank, Farmville, Va.; Lancaster & Co., Richmond; Kraus & Smith, Toledo; Bank of America, New Hampshire.

A defalcation of Jno. J. Cohen, of Augusta. Faut, Washington & Co., Washington.

CHICAGO, September 26.—The Second and Manufacturers's National banks are closed. Five National banks have suspended.

PARTIAL SUSPENSIONS.

NASHVILLE, September 26.—The banks have suspended currency payments upon checks of over two hundred dollars. The Board of Trade approves the action.

SAVANNAH, September 26.—In accordance with a resolution of the Chamber of Commerce, the banks are certifying checks, but withholding currency.

CHARLESTON, September 26.—The People's Bank of South Carolina, People's Savings Bank of South Carolina and Loan and Trust Bank have suspended currency payment. The National Banks and other State banks pay as usual.

NEW ORLEANS, September 26.—The banking houses have joined in an address giving their reason for a partial suspension of currency payments for thirty days, by which time they think the movement of cotton and sugar will place them in a position to fully resume. Sterling exchange and the usual source of currency, at this moment, is not available except at ruinous rates. Heavy drafts have been made upon them for the usual balances from the West and East, and they have no prospects of their drafts for currency being honored. The banks will pay drafts under one hundred dollars.

NEW YORK SENDING OUT CURRENCY.

NEW YORK, September 29.—The Sun says Adams' Express Company has carried daily to the interior $1,500,000. The United States Express Company has been carrying out about a half million dollars daily.

Twenty-four hours' notice is to be given before the stock exchange opens.

RAILROAD WORKS STOPPED.

RICHMOND, September 26.—The Tredegar Iron Works discharged about six hundred of the employes engaged in car building.

THE ENGLISH PERLING.

LONDON, September 26.—At four o'clock American securities excited. Large business, wide fluctuations and much uneasiness.

Later American securities flat and declined heavily.

FLASHES.

NEW YORK, September 26.—Arrived—Idaho, Georgia and Hausa.

Stock Exchange remains closed.

Gold 111½.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.—A Grand Masonic Gala Day over the new Temple. Over 20,000 people in Broad street. A beautiful day.

A. T. Hatch's Property Attached.

A telegram from Newport, Rhode Island, says:

A. T. Hatch, of the firm of Fisk & Hatch, has property in this city valued at $125,000, which, since the gold panic, has been attached by over-anxious creditors. The sheriff and his deputy have been busy all day, and they inform me that seven different parties have filed their claims, and attachments to the amount of $90,000 have thus far been made. Thomas Goggswell, Postmaster, and Alfred Smith, the real estate millionaire of this city, are the attaches of Mr. Hatch's yacht, the Resolute, and her captain has been appointed keeper by the Sheriff. The former gentleman files his claim on behalf of the Aquidneck Boat Club, of this city, of which he is the president, and the latter for $45,000, which, previous to the firm's suspension, was deposited with them and credit given him for the same. Mr. Hatch is one of Newport's favorite visitors, and sympathy from the poor as well as the rich is freely expressed for him at this place. His elegant stone mansion on K street is one of the finest places in the city, and is furnished throughout in the most costly manner. Even the sheriff while in the discharge of his duty felt it an exceedingly unpleasant one and hoped he might never have occasion to proceed further in the matter. Additional claims are expected to be presented to-morrow.

Accident to General Beauregard.

From the Alexandria Gazette, 19th.]

General Beauregard while passed through here yesterday evening on his way to New York, as was announced in a telegram to the Gazette, had it not been for an accident he met with at Manassas. He arrived at that place yesterday morning, accompanied by his friend Major Maury, and with Major McLean and Mr. Whiting, of that town, started on horseback to view the world-renowned battle-field. On his way to Blackburn's ford the horse he was riding stumbled and fell, catching the General's leg under him and bruising it severely, and lying upon it until Major McLean hastily dismounted and raised the fallen animal. In addition to his hurt leg the General had his thumb dislocated, and was so bruised and hurt that he had to be taken back to Manassas by Mr. Whiting, where, however, as he was in a haste to reach New York, and still wanted to see the field he had fought so well, and which he had not seen since 1861. Mr. Whiting put him in his buggy and drove him over the historic plains, with the topography of which he seemed perfectly familiar. He visited the spots where fell Bee, Bartow and Fisher, and carried away a pebble from the mounds that mark those spots. If sufficiently recovered he resumes his way to New York to-day, and will pass through here this evening.

☞ The Washington Chronicle denies that Colonel Mosby wrote a letter to the Postmaster-General requesting him to revoke all appointments made at his request, if, in his opinion, the patronage thus bestowed placed him under any obligations to support Hughes. Now, all we have to say about the matter is this: that we read the letter ourselves and know it was mailed to Mr. Creswell, and as ten days has elapsed and it has not been returned it must have reached him, unless it got in the possession of some of the post office thieves. We also know that Col. Mosby has written a similar letter to Gen. Grant, that if these appointments were made with expectation even that he would support Hughes, that he desired their revocation. He further told the President that he thought these appointments were made in consideration of his support of President Grant in the last Presidential canvass.—*Warrenton Index.*

☞ A party of Boston ladies recently formed themselves into an association for the discouragement of extravagance and absurdity in dress. They, however, unanimously resolved that redingotes were "splendid," and the grasshopper twist very becoming.

☞ Ex-Governor Wells, of Virginia, deposited $2,700 in the First National Bank of Washington, D. C., a few hours before it failed.

☞ About this time gather moss, ferns and partridge-berries for parlor ornament, and get the sanitary benefits of rambles in the autumnal woods.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 26.—Cotton quiet and irregular; sales 344; uplands 17¾; Orleans 18¼.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened to-day as follows: September 16 15-16. October 16 11-16a16¾. November 16 13 16a17 1-16. December 17.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn quiet and declining. Pork dull; new $17 25a$17 50. Lard dull; old steam 8 1-4a8 5-16. Turpentine steady at 40. Rosin dull at $2 80a$3 90 for strained. Freights dull.

LIVERPOOL, September 26, noon.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales speculation and export 1,000; for the week 72,000; exports 8,000; speculation 4,000; stock 663,000; American 212,000; receipts 27,000; American 8,000; actual exports 10,000; afloat 259; American 25,000; cotton to arrive steady; uplands on a basis of low middlings, delivered in October and November, 8 3-8.

Breadstuffs heavy.

LATER—Cotton—uplands on a basis of low middlings, delivered in September, 8 7-8; Orleans 9 1-8.

LONDON, September 26.—Consols 92 3-8a92 1-2. Erie 44.

LATER—Erie 43 3 8.

LATER—Erie 43.

LATER—Erie 42 3 4.

LATER—Erie 42 1-2. Tallow 43s.

STILL LATER—Erie 41 7-8.

FRANKFORT, September 26.—Bonds 96 5-8.

PARIS, September 26.—Rentes 57f.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, September 26, 1873.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $9 50a10 00; family $8 50a9 00; extra $7 25a8 00 superfine, $6 00a6 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat—Red, $1 50a1 60; amber $1 65a1 75; choice white, $1 70a1 80.

Lime—40a50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 78a80c by car load, and white 80a82½c. order lots.

Meal, 82½a85c.

Lard—Tierce, 10a10½; kegs and buckets, 11½a11¾.

Bacon—clear sides 12; clear rib 11¼; shoulders 10¾. Sugar cured hams 15½a16.

Bulk—Clear sides 11; clear rib 10½; long clear sides 10¾; shoulders 8 3 4.

Hay—$1 50a1 65.

Oats, feed 55a60; seed 60a65.

Rye—$1 25a 1 35 per bushel.

Barley—new—$1 50a1 75 per bushel.

Coal—Lump, by car load, at 26c; blacksmith, 22½.

COFFEE—Prime to choice Rio 26½a23½.

Iron Ties—Arrow, 9 1-2 per pound.

Bagging—2 lbs. 16a16 1-2; 2 1-8 lbs. 17, 2 1-4 lbs. 17 1-2. Gunny 13 1-2a14.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, September 26, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS—Our merchants are more hopeful. Private dispatches from New York show a better state of things.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton—No market; entirely nominal. We hear of one or two transactions at 14 cents.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial.—Gold, buying at 1 10, selling at 1 12. Silver, buying at 1 03, selling 1 07.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium. Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 63a65. 7s, 86a88; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. nontaxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 88a96. Georgia Railroad stock, 98a98; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 80a82; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Central Railroad stock, 75a78. Rome city 7s, 68a72. Savannah 83. Atlanta National Bank stock 1 25.

MONEY commands 2a2½ per cent. readily.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 4¼a5; peeled 7a14.

EGGS—25a27½.

POTATOES—Sweet 80ca$1. Irish $1 per bushel; per barrel $3 50a4 00.

FEATHERS—We quote at 75a80 for prime selections; mixed 65a70.

BEESWAX—27a28c.

RAGS—3½a4.

POULTRY—We quote 18a23.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 30; Tennessee, 30a35.

ONIONS—In demand at $1 75a2 00 per bushel.

WOOL—washed 35a40c; unwashed 25.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

SUGARS—We quote: New Orleans, in hogsheads, 9a11 for fair to choice; Demarra 12; clarified white 12; do yellow 11¼a11½; A coffee 12¼; extra C do 12 1-4; Porto Rico 10¼a11; yellow C 10a11.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 70a75; Common, 37 in hhds; bbls. 32; refined syrups 45a75.

COFFEE—Market firm; we quote Rio, common to choice, 26a28 1-2; Laguayra, 30; Java 30a33.

NAILS—We quote at $5 50 for 10ds, and 25c additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote Virginia, $3; Liverpool, $3 15a2 20 per sack.

CANDLES—We quote star 19½a20 per pound.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $9, $7 50 and $6; in kits, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $1 75, $1 60 and $1 40.

PEPPER—We quote at 28a30.

SPICE—We quote at 18a20.

GINGER—We quote at 16a17.

CRACKERS—5 3-4a12.

SODA—We quote firm; 8 in kegs; 9 in boxes.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10. Inferior 8a9.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson, $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25; Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Dupont $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 75; blasting $5; fuse per 100 feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $3 90a3 00; Buck $3 15a3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 25a5 50; corn whisky $1 15a2.

BROOMS—We quote at $3 50a4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per lb, or $3a4 50 per box.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8. Amoskeag, 9¼; Arnold, 9; Albions, 11; Sprague, 11; Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11. Garner 10¼.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 11¼; 7-8 10c; yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c

Sheetings, etc.—Graniteville—3-4 sheetings, 8 per yard, 7-8 sheetings 10 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 11 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drills 12 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 9 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 10 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 11¼ per yard, 7-8 drill 12 per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Monitour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Atlanta Live Stock Market.

Arrived—Three car loads mules and horses, one car load cattle.

CATTLE—2 1-2a3¼ cents gross; choice Tennessee 4 cents.

HOGS—5¼ cents gross. Sheep 3½c; Tennessee 4a4½.

Seeds.

SEEDS—Clover $8; timothy $5; orchard grass $9; blue grass $3; herd's grass $3 50.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 50 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14¼a16; common candy 12a13.

TOBACCO—Common, sound 43a45; low medium 47a50; medium 52a55; fine 60a70; extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 15. Princess twist 85.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer; axes $13 50a14; steel 20a22; shovels, Ames', $15 50; horse and mules shoes 8a9; horse shoe nails 20a30.

CHEESE—Factory 16½. State cheese 13¼a15.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LEATHER—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25a28; good 28a33. White oak 40a50. Black upper 40a55.

HIDES—We quote dry, 15a18; green salted 7 1-2a8.

BLUE BUCKERS—2 75 per dozen.

Tallow 7a7c.

SOUTHERN NURSERY,

IRWIN & THURMOND.

WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have TESTED AND KNOW to be suited to the Southern climate. We are DETERMINED to make GOOD stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We have reliable agents, either local or traveling, in many localities in this and other States South, and we PREPAY them, where convenient to our customers, to do our business through them. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box 565, Atlanta, Georgia.

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SAVANNAH FAIR.

THE THIRD

ANNUAL EXPOSITION

OF THE

Agricultural and Mechanical Association

Of Georgia,

COMMENCING

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11,

—AND—

Continuing During the Week.

THE GROUNDS and RACE COURSE are in splendid order, and the BUILDINGS the most substantial and commodious in the country. The Exhibition will be divided into Departments of

LIVE STOCK, PRODUCTS OF THE SOIL, DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES, MANUFACTURES IN COTTON, WOOD, SILK, LINEN, IRON, BRASS, STEEL, GOLD, SILVER, LEATHER, PAPER, FIBRE, ETC., ETC.

In fact, every thing pertaining to AGRICULTURE, MECHANICS and the FINE ARTS.

$8,000 IN MEDALS PLATE & MONEY

TO BE AWARDED.

Exhibitors are requested to make their entries, and have their articles on the ground at an early a day as practicable, that they may be properly arranged in their respective Departments.

☞ *For Premium Lists and other information, address the Secretary*

GEO. S. OWENS, President,
J. H. ESTILL, Secretary. sep25-dcod&w6w

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

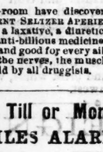
Alarm Till or Money Drawer!

MILES' ALARM TILL

OR

SAFETY MONEY DRAWER,

A Sure Protection Against Thieves.



Admirably adapted to the needs of Storekeepers, for any one receiving and paying out Money.

Fitted with Compartments for Bills, Currency and Specie, or Nickels. Ready to attach to any counter in a few minutes time.

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311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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AND BY THE HARDWARE TRADE GENERALLY

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NEW CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WOODRUFF & JOHNSON

HAVE established a Repository at Mark W. Johnson's Agricultural Building, corner of Alabama and Forsyth sts, where they are now receiving a fresh stock of Carriages, Buggies and Wagons, from some of the best manufactories in America, and made especially to their order, for this market. The Woodruff Buggy, which is justly celebrated for its great durability and light draft, will be one of the specialties of this Repository. It is the intention of this firm to supply good warranted work, at the lowest possible price, making it an inducement for parties living at a distance from Atlanta to come here to purchase, or send their orders. Any style of Carriage or Buggy made to special order, at short notice.

W. W. WOODRUFF. MARK W. JOHNSON.

sep26-dlm.

A Good and Large Sea Island

PLANTATION,

NEAR SAVANNAH, is offered in Exchange for a House and Property in Atlanta, Georgia.

sep18—dlf B. M. MOREL.

JOHNSON HOUSE.

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.

KINGSTON, GEORGIA.

june18-dlf

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

THIS unrivalled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. **It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.**

THE SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternatively costive and lax; Headache; Loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; **Debility, Low Spirits,** a thick yellow appearance of the skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

This Great Unfailing SPECIFIC will not be found the Least Unpleasant.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.,

Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine,

Is the Cheapest Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

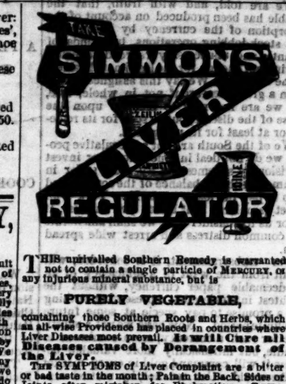
J. H. ZELIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.

Price, $1 00. Sold by all Druggists.

dec13—dcod&wlyr(first-page-c-o-n-r-m)

WM. GRAY,



jaly24—dly

SUMMER AND FALL ARRANGEMENT

MERCHANTS' LINE OF STEAMERS

Semi-Weekly for Jefferson Direct.

Leaves New Orleans Every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

For Johnson, Shreveport, Grand Bayou, Coushatta, Brownsville, Grand Ecore, Alexandria, and all way landings on Red River. The following first-class and very light draft boats compose this line. (Other boats will be added as business demands.)

R. T. BRYARLY.....Capt. Noah Scovell.
WILLIE HOWLAND.....Capt. Geo. W. Rea.
GLADIOLA.....Capt. H. L. Lee.
THIRTEENTH ERA.....Capt. Chas F. Tunslow.
PILOT.....Capt. Geo. C. Hazlest.
FLETA.....Capt. L. P. Greenlee.

Passengers and shippers can rely on this arrangement throughout the season.

Special rates of passage made with commercial travelers for New Orleans houses.

Liberal discount made to parties emigrating to Texas by this line.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to LORD & McPHAIL, Agents,

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All freight consigned to L. & McP. will be forwarded promptly free of commission.

For further information apply to W. J. Houston, Gen. Pass. Ag't at sants and New Orleans Short Line.

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UNDERTAKER

And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases

CASKETS AND COFFINS.

Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER. Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. aug24—d4m

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER, of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,

Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.

Good Shed Lots for Drovers.

All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.

Near the Passenger Depot,

Grimm, Georgia.

june15-dlf

NOTICE.

BY a resolution of Council passed on the 5th inst., I am required to close my books for collecting tax on the 26th inst., and turn them over to the Clerk of Council on the 1st day of October, whose duty it will be to issue fi fas against all defaulters immediately thereafter. Take due notice thereof, and govern yourselves accordingly.

J. H. FRANKLIN,
City Tax Collector and Receiver.

September 8, 1873. sep 9-tf

CHAS. A. ELLS. W. W. LANEY.

ELLS & LANEY

DEALERS IN

Fancy & Family Groceries

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Ice.

For Room and Restaurant, up-stairs, stocked with the Best in the market, Oysters, Fish, Vegetables, etc.

Mulberry Street, Macon, Ga.

aug23—dlf

CROCKETT'S PATENT

GIN GEAR,

MADE WITHOUT A MORTICE, Tenon or Key. Every part Bolted to Iron. Two mules with a 40 Saw Gin can gin three Bales of Cotton per day. IRON RAILINGS for enclosing Grave Lots at New York prices. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY made and repaired. Plantation Castings always on hand.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS,

sep7—dlf MACON, GA.

M. E. MAHER,

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER, No. 11 Mitchell street, has just received a large shipment of all kinds of the choicest brands of wines and liquors for the fall and winter trade. Indebtedness offered to the city and country retail dealers. All retail dealers would do well by giving him a call before purchasing elsewhere. He is also agent for the celebrated brand of whisky "Your Own Bourbon." Give him a call and try it. sep9—tf

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

RENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on liberal terms. nov21-dly

Madison House.

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, tourists and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Parties at the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms always reasonable.

sep16—1m Proprietors.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans Paint and Wood, makes the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

Polishes Brass and Copper Utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.

SAPOLIO

for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Statuary, from Hard finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woolen fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

a new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND SAPOLIO

removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and Soft, and giving to it a "bloom of beauty," is unsurpassed by any Cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and every body should have it. You will like it.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS.

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write to four Pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

20 PARK PLACE, N. Y.

aug29—d&w6m

F. M. HEATH. S. A. PORTER.

HEATH & PORTER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

Poplar Street, between Second and Third Sts.,

Macon.....Georgia.

Accommodations are ample and complete for the Stock of Citizens' and Transient Stock of Traders.

aug23—dlf

THE "VICTOR."

WANTED—General Agents in every State in the South, for the "VICTOR" Sewing Machine.

The "VICTOR" requires no PUFFING" to sell it.

For terms address R. J. WILES,

aug6—dlf Atlanta, Ga

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

A SPECIALTY AT THE DRUG STORE OF

ROLAND B. HALL,

Druggist,

Corner Cherry Street and Cotton Avenue, Macon, Ga

sep1—dtf

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 28TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	3 10 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	6 00 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	7 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	5 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 30 A M

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	10 P M
Leave Charleston at	6 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 50 P M
Arrive at Augusta	6 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 6 00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train on this road for Port Royal and Savannah.

JAS. O. MOORE,

july1-dtf Engineer and Superintendent.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GA.

THE THIRY-SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin Oct. ber 6, 1873.

For Catalogues, containing full information, address REV. R. H. MYERS, D. D.,

President.

C. W. SMITH, Secretary. sep3—dlm

G. VOLGER & CO.,

(Branch Store of G. Volger & Co., Augusta, Ga.)

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES,

AND ALL

Smokers Articles,

Corner Mulberry and Second Street,

Macon.....Georgia.

THEY KEEP COPIES OF

The Atlanta Constitution for Sale.

MADAME O'da SILVA

AND

MRS. ALEX. BRADFORD'S

(Formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S) English, French and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, 17 West 38 St., New York, reopens Sept. 24. Application may be made by letter or personally as above. july2-3mos

J. VAN RINTELO,

BAR AND RESTAURANT,

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

69 CHERRY STREET.

ELEGANTLY FITTED UP.

aug6-dly

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cattle of the Rose or less, cards this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

JNO. H. JAMES, Banker, James' Block. Interest allowed by agreement on time deposits. june1-dly

H. E. CARLTON & CO., Real Estate Agents, Athens, Georgia. july22 dcm6

D. R. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist, Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia. may7-dly

D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEhall street, Atlanta, Ga. may7-dly

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAmental Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Hull's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. may7-dly

DR. J. B. MURPHY, Resident Dentist. Office over Richards' Book Store, Alabama st. From a practice experience of thirty years, I feel confident that I can meet the wants of all who may need the services of a practical dentist. may7-dly

LAWYERS.

JESSE M. GOSS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. Office—Corner of Whitehall and Alabama Streets, Atlanta, Ga. sept1—dlmo

FRANK P. GRAY, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care. Office with Colonel J. J. Stanley, corner Pine Street and Harris street. aug27-1y

J. T. JONES, R. W. ARNOLD. JONES & ARNOLD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Macon, Georgia. Office over Bank of Middle Georgia. Will practice in all the Courts of

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Letters.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1873.

Brevities.

Thirty women are employed on the daily press of New York.

Wilkie Collins will make his debut as a reader at Albany on the 7th proximo.

The new autumn calicoes are radiant with "Shah stripes," from 50 cents a yard down.

Patti's nineteen performances in Vienna realized for her $97,000, or $5,100 per night.

Don't loaf about the streets and depend on the Lord for your daily bread. He isn't running a bakery.

Coolness, easy deportment, and absence of haste, indicate fine qualities. A gentleman is quiet, a lady is serene.

M. Villemessant, editor of the Paris Figaro, wants to give 40,000 francs towards the rebuilding of the Tuileries.

A nigger barber has evidently disappeared from Alexandria, Va. Look out for a new Radical candidate in Mississippi.

Widows who have lost two husbands are the only ladies who have as yet evinced much interest in the "third term" question.

Madame Anna Bishop is going to sing her way round the world for the fifth time, going first to California, China and Australia.

Ten performances of the Lozo-Ke'ley troupe, in Chicago, netted the managers $21,826. Over $6,000 was taken in one night.

Everybody else having lost the count of M. Victor Hugo's literary productions, that prolific author has taken to numbering them himself, the latest work being "93."

Delaware papers give sad reports of the condition of ex-Senator Saulsbury's health. His once robust constitution has yielded at last, and is now very much shattered.

It is now believed that yellow fever was brought direct from Mexico to Shreveport by a circus company, and that a member of the same company carried it from Shreveport to Memphis.

Mr. John S. Dwight, the musical critic, thinks that there are but nine "kings of music," viz: Bach, Handel, Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Weber, Schubert, Spohr, and Mendelssohn.

That pitiful scorpion, Kellogg, made, we are pleased to learn from the World, a most ignominious failure to place his new Louisiana bonds in Wall street. The highest price that was offered for them was 87.

At a juvenile party one little fellow, rejoicing in the splendor of his new clothes, went up to another with the triumphant remark: "You ain't dressed as well as I am." "Well," retorted the other, "I'm slick as you, anyhow."

The Washington Chronicle says it is rumored around the departments that Attorney General Williams is likely to receive the appointment of Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court. Williams is a bitter, unscrupulous radical politician, and therefore his appointment is not improbable.

Over in Meadville, Pennsylvania, a rampageous woman has been suing a truant lover. Letters were produced in evidence containing poetry so dreadful that the court, after reading it, was obliged to adjourn for a drink to brace up its nerves.

Advices from Galveston, Texas, to the Post Office Department, states that there is no yellow fever in the State, notwithstanding the quarantine, being carried to their destruction in many instances on the locomotives and tenders.

Detroit Free Press: A tall and lathy young man of about eighteen years, going to Chicago, was brought into the city by his father and mother, and as it came near train time they began to shake his hands and advise him. All had tears in their eyes, and finally the mother, grasped both his hands and sobbed, "I tell you, William, look out for counterfeit money, and whisky, and rough men, and runaway horses, and the cars, won't you?" William promised, and boarded the train, but as it was moving off the mother remembered one thing more, and she shouted: "And look out for the hard biled eggs—they always give you the gripes."

There is a droll story of how a man lost a wager in Pueblo, Colorado. Stepping into a large liquor shop he offered to bet ten to one that he could, blindfolded, tell the name of any liquor or wine in the house, or any mixture of liquors, by the taste and smell. All went well with him at first. He named all the celebrated brands correctly. Then they handed him a glass of water. He tasted, he smelt, he tasted and smelt again, and at last, completely non-plussed, he gave it up so. "Well, boys," he said, "you have got me. It seems to me as if, years ago, I struck something of that kind in the States, but it was so long ago I have entirely forgotten it."

The marriage of Mr. Haynes, of Raleigh, N. C., a deaf mute, to Miss Bunker, of Mt. Airy, also deaf and dumb, took place a few days ago in the latter town. Mr. Dudley, a teacher in the Deaf and Dumb Institute, accompanied Mr. Haynes on his trip for his bride. The minister read the usual marriage ceremony, which was interpreted by Mr. Dudley to the candidates. The responses were promptly made by signs, and everything was done in order. On the journey to this city the bridal party came very near being drowned while crossing a swollen stream. The bridegroom, who never swam before, rescued his young bride by swimming and carrying her in his arms a distance of several yards to the shore. They arrived safe in the city yesterday morning. Miss Bunker is a daughter of Eng, one of the Siamese twins.

Our Evening Edition.

Look out for our evening edition with the latest financial news. An immense number of yesterday afternoon's edition was sold.

☞ The New York Republican State Convention and the Wisconsin Democratic State Convention both thunder away at the Back Pay Grab.

Jay Cooke.

Our dispatches tell the tale of Jay Cooke's fix. His liabilities are nearly eight millions. His assets overbalance debts sixteen millions, half of which only are Northern Pacific stock. Surely there can be no doubt of this firm turning up all right.

☞ A writer in the Chicago Tribune says that the downfall of Senator Carpenter is signal and irretrievable, and that the people of Wisconsin contemplate it with sorrow. The principal cause of this disaster to the Senator is his own want of moral sense as illustrated in sharing and defending the back pay swindle.

Sensible Article.

In another column will be found an excellent article on "Manufactures and Commerce," from the Atlanta Constitution.

Let men of capital read and ponder over the truthfulness set forth therein, and unlock their hoarded millions and build up the commercial interests of the South. It is the only means by which we can conquer the great North. Southern independence can be achieved by Southern industry, enterprise and capital, but we must work to build up and diversify our manufacturing interests.—*West Point News.*

Sunday's Constitution.

To-morrow's paper will be a very interesting one. In addition to the usual large amount of news, telegraphic, selected and local, there will be a fine story, a very narrative of the great ducal diamond robber of Europe, specially decreed, a heartiful article about Dickens' characters that are to be produced at the party on Tuesday, a full resume of the financial situation, and some splendid illustrations, including Mardi designs. Our regular weekly cotton article, so eagerly sought, will be found full and interesting.

Between three and four hundred CONSTITUTIONS were sold in Macon last Sunday, and several hundred more were demanded.

The Millers' Grievance.

The leading mills of the State and of South Carolina were represented in force last week at another of the meeting held in Augusta on Wednesday. The session was harmonious, and resulted in a permanent organization to be hereafter called "The Millers' Association of Georgia and Carolina." Its success was drank by the jolly men in dusty coats, after the old fashioned way, in foaming bumpers of the favorite "Widow Cliquot."

The principal object of the organization is to induce the railroad companies to abolish unjust discriminations in favor of the milling interests of St. Louis and the Northwest generally. To show how unjustly Georgia millers are treated, Captain Stovall, of the Excelsior Mills, Augusta, read an interesting paper, from which we cull the following figures:

IN ST. LOUIS	
1 bushel wheat at $1 60	$1 60
Freight on bushel to Augusta	45
Cost in Augusta	$2 05
Cost of bbl. flour in Augusta	9 63
One bbl. flour at $1 60 for wheat	
in St. Louis	97 68
Freight to Augusta	1 50— 9 18
Cost of freight on flour per bbl. less than wheat	45

Nor do these figures tell the whole story of discrimination against this important industry of Georgia. Flour is included in the list of special-rate articles, while wheat is not. Dealers generally cantract for the transportation of flour from the West at fifteen cents a barrel below regular rates—a barrel being shipped at 196 pounds, and a hundred barrels are, as a rule, placed in a car at the price of ninety.

In the face of such injustice the milling interest of our State cannot prosper. Before the war, Georgia had a fine trade in flour with the West Indies and South America. The quality of our products would soon have given us a good share of this valuable business. If our millers could have a fair field, they would win back the trade that Richmond, Baltimore and the Northern mills now monopolize, and every one of our mills would be taxed to their utmost capacity. But our admirable water powers and unequalled wheat and all our energies are neutralized by the present railroad tariffs. This is an important matter. We trust the railroad companies of Georgia and Tennessee, and especially the popular Green Line, will duly consider the memorial of the millers, and afford them a square chance to grind the staff of life for all mankind. It is not good policy to damage the industries of their best patrons to please St. Louis and other towns further north.

The Financial Situation.

A few more suspensions over the country are announced. In the large cities of the West the suspension of large payments by the banks in general. In Boston, Massachusetts, and Columbia, South Carolina, strange to say, there is no pressure and trade is brisk. In New York there seems little change save a slightly better feeling as indicated by a small rise in cotton. In the Western cities trade is very stagnant.

Gold in large quantities is coming from England to New York. As a strange item we see that Grant has appointed the suspended firm of Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co., of London, to do the government business done by the other suspended firm of Clews, Habicht & Co.

In Georgia we find some curious discrepancies of financial condition. In Columbus, Augusta and Savannah business is stagnant. In Macon cotton is moving some. In Macon and Columbus the banks are entirely unassailed. In Augusta four banks have suspended, and in Savannah two were heavily pressed. Columbus and Macon are taking it coolly and easily, waiting for the thing to pass over. Augusta and Atlanta are bracing against the storm with some exertion.

In Augusta, there are seven banks and one firm of private bankers. Four of the strongest banks and the firm had to suspend in consequence of the run on the deposits Two were the banks of which ex-Governor Jenkins is President, The Merchants and Planters' National had $499,000 assets against $350,000 of deposits. The Planters' Loan and Savings Bank had $361,000 of assets against $125,000 of deposits. The Bank of Augusta had the enormous sum of $869,000 of assets against the insignificent sum of $30,000 deposits. This bank has $461,000 of discounted notes, showing how liberally it has loaned to the merchants. This bank also resolved to issue drafts on the bank payable at six months to the amount due depositors in sums of 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 dollars for depositors use. The National Bank, the Freedman's Savings Bank and the Georgia Railroad Bank stood as solid as a rock.

The Merchants and Planters', and the Planters Loan and Savings' Banks offer depositors good bonds and securities at market price.

The merchants held a meeting and appointed a committee to confer with the banks, and especially with the Georgia Railroad Bank, and induce the latter bank to issue certificates on cotton, to be used temporarily in the place of currency.

In Atlanta the situation is much improved. The splendid meeting of the business men Thursday night, with their wise action, largely restored confidence. None of the banks were run to any extent. Mr. James had so liberally helped the merchants that his deposits were low, and these deposits were so much exhausted on Thursday that he was compelled to suspend payment for a while. But his assets are enormously beyond his liabilities, and the confidence of the people in him is perfect.

Trade has been pretty brisk, considering all things.

It will be a proud memory for Atlanta hereafter that amid the general suspension, she sustained her banks in this great crisis.

South Carolina News.

Work on the new Court House at Lancaster has been commenced.

Mr. James Bannester has an extensive paper mill in operation at Greenville.

There is a prevailing fever in Anderson which is carrying off both whites and blacks.

Judge Carpenter's decision in the noted case between the city of Columbia and Sprague & Co has been filed. It is against the city, and awards $12,000 and interest to the Water Power Company, and makes the injunction against the city permanent. All money received from water rents is to be paid to the company. The city is to pay the costs of the suit, which have been very heavy. The decision holds that the contract has been fully complied with. The case will certainly go before the Supreme Court.

Another homicide in Edgefield. On Thursday evening, the 18th, young John Shinall, went to the gin house of John Daniel, where the latter was ginning cotton. Whilst there Shinall and Daniel became engaged in a quarrel, and the latter ordered the former to leave the premises, which he did, at the same time daring Daniel to follow him into the public highway. Daniel thereupon went to his dwelling near by, armed himself with a pistol, and followed on after Shinall, brandishing his pistol in his hand, until he came up with Shinall some distance down the road. They then engaged in another quarrel, and Shinall, seeing Daniel about to raise his pistol, fired on Daniel, the ball striking his heart, and of course, killing him instantly.

☞ "Cap" Kimbrough, a Southern printer from Georgia, and a Captain in the late Confederate army, was shot in the back while at work in the composing room of the New York Methodist, by a drunken "typo," with whom he had quarreled. The trouble grew out of trade differences. Kimbrough being a non-Union man. It is believed he will recover.

The Re-Union of the Army of the Cumberland.

At the re-union of the Army of the Cumberland, which took place at Pittsburg last week, several addresses were delivered by prominent officers of the Federal army. A poem by Col. Richard Realf was recited, of which this is a specimen:

THOMAS, poised Titan of Battle—and SHERMAN,
Wrath's archangel,
And him whose Cosmic purpose not Chaos itself could shake;
And lance-like SHERMAN who spurred with the centaur's sharp evangel
Into consecrated dawns, and clarioned Sleeth awake—
And HOOKER, climbing the clouds when his quarry perched above him,
And MEADE—Disciple of Duty—(our hearts bend over his grave);
And proud-plumed McPHERSON the splendid—the true
Heavens guard him and love him—
And the scepterless kings of the ranks—the vast, unlaureled brave—

The annual oration was delivered by Gen. Durbin Ward, of Ohio, and was full of patriotic sentiments, eloquently expressed, and it concluded as follows:

And now comrades, citizens of the redeemed Republic, is it not time to sanctify and secure our victory by universal amnesty? Shall we seek to keep alive even so much as the memory of the old quarrel? Shall we not rather propose to our former enemies of the South—citizens still though they were enemies once—that we drink together the waters of Lethe and remember no more the sectional hate that embroiled us? We are the offspring of the same gallant ancestors, and nurtured in the same institutions, language and religion. The North and South are twin brethren, and now that the Red Sea of our deliverance from sectional bondage has been crossed and our wanderings in the civil war ended, why shall we not enter hand in hand into the promised land of perpetual peace? Gallantly the spirited Southron struggled in the "Lost Cause." Our victory was over no mean foe, and for no sinister purpose. It has given us—given the whole people of the Union—the mightiest material empire, the freest people, the grandest future that Heaven has ever vouchsafed to any nation. Nor has cruelty sullied the triumph of the victor. No rebel blood has stained the executioner's block. In their civil wars Americans may fall by the sword, but they never perish by the axe. To pass the vanquished under the yoke was the remorseless usage of heathen antiquity, but how much nobler in the heroes of Christian conquest to extend the olive branch.

The Centeanial Birthday of Independence will soon dawn upon us. On that natal morn let the South and the North sit down together on the old benches in Independence Hall and take the sacrament of reconciliation. Let us of the Union armies invite our secession foes to meet us at the ancient fane of freedom, and there in the holy ground consecrated to brotherly love bury our dead strifes eternally out of sight. Let him of the North bring with him the memories of Bunker Hill, Saratoga, Brandywine, and all the venerable traditions of the olden time. Let him of the South come with the proud historic contributions of his sunny land to the volume of his nation's glory. And there let us both with clasped hands lay down together our offerings on the altar of our common country, and in the presence of God and myriads of assembled freemen, by the memory of our fathers and the hopes of our children to the latest generation, swear to preserve forever Liberty, Fraternity and Union.

General Hooker, of Massachusetts, took up the same strain, and when urged to speak by the repeated calls of the audience, said:

I do not rise to talk. I merely rise out of courtesy in response to the requested demands of this large audience. I cannot resume my seat without an allusion to the orator of the evening, who signalized his closing remarks by an appeal for amnesty, that deserves more than passing attention. I have just come from a celebration by some of the survivors of the Mexican war, of our victory in that struggle. But that was a contest waged against a foreign foe. Those whom we fought in the late war were of an entirely different calibre. I fought them, and fought them, and they were the hardest devils to beat I ever heard of. Search the world over and you will not find the like of them. I have had opportunity of seeing some of the armies of Europe since then—the French, Prussian, Russian and Austrian, and I tell you it will be down hill work to fight them compared with our late foes. [Loud cheers, which were kept up for several moments, with cries of "go on!"]

Why cannot we fight our battles of the rebellion over again in friendly feeling with our late Southern foes? The principles of war cannot be changed in our day.

This brought out General Sheridan, who having heard himself called "Wrath's archangel" in the poem, seemed to be anxious to make a display of himself in that character. He made, says the Philadelphia Age, a bad and foolish speech, saying:

There were references made by some of the speakers that might as well be attended to now as another time. It should be understood the Society of the Army of the Cumberland was not a political organization, and no political references should be tolerated. [Applause.] There were such, and he was free to say they were out of place. It was the first time he had ever heard such subjects broached since he was a member of the Society, and that was during seven years. He wanted it distinctly understood that during the war the military stood above the political in the shape of a higher court. [Laughter.] We were a higher court, and though the civil is supreme now, we are waiting until another war breaks out, until we are the higher court again.

This ebullition, says the Age, which his friends seemed ashamed of, was the only incident that marred the pleasure and propriety of the occasion.

Alabama News.

Mobile appears from the latest reports to be entirely free from fever.

The steamer R. E. Lee on her last trip to Mobile, carried in nearly five hundred bales of cotton, and about forty passengers.

On Monday night last, a United States Deputy Marshal arrived in Selma with a warrant for the arrest of George F. Beach, Deputy Collector of Revenue for this district. Mr. Beach is charged with being a defaulter to the amount of $10,000. Tuesday morning he was taken to Montgomery, and his bond was fixed at $10,000 which was given, and Mr. Beach discharged.

The Montgomery Advertiser is informed that an excursion will shortly take place from Selma to the Mississippi river for the purpose of giving those laborers who cannot find work just now, the opportunity to help pick out the cotton crop of the Mississippi bottom. Unless a large number of the present negro population leaves this section of Alabama within the next ninety days, we anticipate a terrible state of affairs.

A Rat Wedged in a Bull Dog's Throat.

Mr. John Kreps, formerly of this city, who is engaged in the brewing business with his father-in-law, George Wirsi, at Tremont, Schuylkill county, had a large dog of the bull-terrier species, which he obtained of John C. Herman of this city, having paid twenty-five dollars for the dog. Several days ago he pursued a large rat in the brewery, and the rat seeing no means of escape jumped into the throat of the dog, just as the latter had extended his jaw for the purpose of seizing the rat. The rat became wedged in the dog's throat so that it was impossible to remove it, and the dog died of strangulation.—*Reading (Pa.) Times.*

☞ Of the Exchange, the Augusta Constitutionalist thus speaks: The institution is now in a very prosperous condition. It owns about $3,500 of marketable bonds, is free of debt and has a cash surplus, besides owning a full set of office furniture. All the members of the previous year, in all branches of business, have signified their willingness to continue their membership, and, all things considered, the Augusta Exchange may be considered as established. Only four members have withdrawn since its inception—two of whom moved away from the city.

☞ The Cherokee organization known as Knee-to-wahs is a sort of Know-Nothing society, with secret rules and passwords. Its object is the preservation of Cherokee nationality, not by unlawful means, but by putting down intemperance, and making the Indians a unit for their own welfare. That this society, which includes most of the influential men of the Cherokee tribe, should be misrepresented by the white speculators who desire to get into the Territory is not strange.

☞ Rumor has it that an English iron company has purchased sites for two blast furnaces, one at Richland creek, and the other at Magill's creek, Knox county, Tennessee, together with certain mineral interests, for $135,000, by Dr. Meredith, their agent, himself an Englishman.

The Financial Crisis.

A Suggestion for the Use of Our Cotton.

Editors Constitution:—We have to do the best we can to avert or lighten the evil of the present crisis, and to this end we have to make common cause. Banks, merchants, planters, all classes should work together for the common good.

We are told, and with truth, that the trouble has been produced on account of the absorption of the currency by speculation and stock-jobbing operations by bonds of gigantic and unnecessary railroad schemes, leaving not enough for the legitimate business of the country. We say this assigned reason is, in a great measure if not in whole, true, but we are not now to theorize upon the cause of the disease, but to seek for its remedy, or at least for its mitigation.

We of the South are not a speculative people, we do not deal in fancy stocks or invest in visionary schemes, yet we must suffer in common with the balance of the country and help to pay the losses of the New York Wall street gamblers. But in our own interest, it is for us to consider how we shall ameliorate the common distress and arrest wide spread ruin.

Our embarrassment, it is conceded, will result from the want of a sufficiency of an irredeemable paper currency, without the slightest intrinsic value representing nothing but a promise to pay specie at some future indefinite period. Now have we not a substitute for such a currency, more cumbrous to handle, but intrinsically more valuable because it will command gold in every market in the world. Can we not, by mutual support and agreement, make this substitute available in the present need?

The cotton crop of the South is likely to be as large and valuable as any that have preceded it. On it depends all our mercantile as well as agricultural prosperity. It is the firmest and indeed the only foundation of our wealth. With this resource is there any need that all classes should be victims of the manipulations of Wall street or should be ruined for the want of paper money? Let us look into the matter a little.

Under the present system many, perhaps most planters, have pledged their crops to the village or city merchants in payment for supplies and advances. I have nothing to say of the wisdom of this policy, but I glance at its effects. The planter delays to pay the merchant because cotton, on account of the monetary crisis, has fallen one or two cents per pound. The retail merchant cannot pay the wholesale dealer, consequently the wholesale dealer is in default to the banks, and the banks with ample ostensible means to meet their obligations, are unable to do so. Thus the default of the planter is felt down to the smallest bank depositor, and the planter despite his complaints and his organizations against supposed oppression holds, and has always held, all classes in his grasp.

The first defense against a financial crisis with us is the promptitude of the planter, but if he is unwilling to pay his debt to the merchant with cotton at the current market price, it is not better for the merchant to pay him one or two cents more per pound, and by that much lessen his own profits, than to be forced into bankruptcy or to pay exorbitant interest for money. Let us get our cotton bales in circulation as money. Let the retail merchant take cotton from the planter for his debt; let him pay cotton to the wholesale dealer; let the wholesale dealer pay the banks and his other creditors in the same cotton. If outside creditors exact printed pieces of paper without intrinsic value for their debts instead of a commodity which commands gold in every market of the world, let them take the consequences of their own folly.

Mr. Editor, it is possible that I have not sufficiently explained myself, but the object of this present article is only to throw out suggestions which may be valuable in the hands of men of financial ability. It is inconceivable that a country like the Southern States with an annual revenue of four hundred millions in gold or its equivalent, with a frugal and industrious people not given to stock-gambling or "kite-flying" should be embarrassed by the caprices of a Jay Cooke or Daniel Drew, or any such creatures.

C.

Panic Items.

HOW A PANIC WAS STAYED IN PHILADELPHIA.

The Philadelphia Gazette of yesterday says: "It is easy to be wise and brave after the event, but courage and greatness inspire the moment. We can afford to forget the timid crowd which vainly assailed the credit of one of our great institutions, but not those who bravely and generously came to its succor. The banks that stood by it, the gallant financier who, undismayed by the misfortunes of his own house, poured into its coffers the money which he might less generously have applied to his own interests; the great insurance company which deposited three hundred thousand dollars with it in the worst of the crisis, and the private depositors who allowed their accounts to remain undiminished or offered to recruit them by still further advances. These are means by which disasters are averted, and hence has its victories as well as war."

NEW YORK DRY GOODS FIRMS.

On the 24th, failures of dry goods firms were also reported, but no basis for the reports could be discovered. The representatives of a number of the largest houses asserted that business was better at present than at this time a year ago.

GROCERS AND HARDWARE DEALERS.

The leading grocers and hardware dealers throughout the city deny that the present financial excitement has had the slightest effect on their business, and say that rumors to the contrary are got up by speculators who wish the panic to continue.

REVIEW OF THE EXPRESS.

The Express says: "The day closes with improved feeling all around. The action of the clearing-houses, the absence of additional important suspensions, together with the non-confirmation of previous alarming reports from the West, are among the causes leading to this result."

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following relative to the produce markets is from the Express: "Business in different lines of produce was entirely blocked, and, under pressure to realize, values were decidedly lower. The only business was in a small way to the local trade, who are necessarily compelled to buy to supply urgent wants. Shippers were entirely excluded, as selling of exchange was out of the question. Many prominent flour and grain men who have supported shippers by supplying them with produce, hoping by to-day that these would be a market for exchange, withdrew and declined to transact any further bills. Wheat and flour are still declining and provisions are scarcely saleable at any price.

COTTON.

Cotton was dull and heavy, and a general feeling of anxiety prevailed.

THE WORST OVER.

The Philadelphia Press has the following: "The panic has now done its worst. Its immediate consequences have been felt, and its latest results can be accurately estimated. The evidence is entirely conclusive that there can be no general financial revulsion such as the country experienced in 1857, nor any such prostration of legitimate channels of industry and trade as that of 1869-1. The legitimate business of the whole country has now been tested in the severe crucible of a mad panic, and it has not only stood the trial, but it has been unshaken. If to-day men in financial circles would begin rationally trust each other the panic would end, and confidence would be speedily restored, but if, on the other hand, men exhaust each other by unreasonable demands, and strike at the very foundation of all credit, serious embarrassment and grave losses may ensue."

Yellow Fever.

From the Memphis Appeal, 25th.

AN INCIDENT.

Among the names in our mortuary report is that of David Saulsbury, who died of exposure and neglect at the foot of Washington street. Although dying neglected, an outcast upon the river bank, the suffering man possessed one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars worth of property in Wheeling, W. Va. He was fifty years of age, and was en route for Wheeling to attend to his property, which is in litigation. An inquest by the coroner returned a verdict from natural causes, and the wanderer was buried in a stranger's grave. Mr. Charles Mast, of this city, has known Mr. Saulsbury thirty years, and will vouch for the statement respecting his former possessions.

☞ A small picture of the "Marriage of Henry IV," exactly similar to the large picture in the gallery of the "Life of Marie de Medicis," in the Louvre, and authentically declared to be the work of Rubens himself, has just been sold at Brussels to a Dutch amateur for £7,000.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

For Noon Dispatches See First Page.

THE GREAT CRISIS.

A FEW MORE SUSPENSIONS—GENERAL STAGNATION IN BUSINESS OVER THE COUNTRY—LARGE GOLD COMING FROM EUROPE.

COOKE, McCULLOUGH & CO., MADE FINANCIAL AGENTS IN LONDON.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—The suspension of the Union National Manufacturers, National, and Second National Banks, of Chicago, and William Fisher & Sons, of Baltimore, are announced. They complain of the delinquencies of their customers and request a short indulgence.

The Star says, at the instance of Grant, Richardson has appointed Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co. London fiscal agents for the Post-office and State deposit, in place of Rice Clews, Habich & Co. suspended.

LONDON, September 26.—It is believed that the heavy shipments of gold to America already reported, were not made in consequence of the low nominal rate of exchange, but to settle liabilities of bankers here incurred before the financial troubes in New York began.

VARIED WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—Commander Benham, commanding at Key West, telegraphs that there is no yellow fever there.

Mary Gallagher made her debut last night at Wall's Opera House in "Little Nell." It was pronounced a success.

The observer at Kingston, Jamaica, reports to the signal office in this city that an earthquake was felt there at 1:45 this morning. No damage has been reported.

COLUMBIA, S. C., ALL RIGHT.

COLUMBIA, S. C., September 26.—There is no run on the banks, notwithstanding the excitement elsewhere. Cotton is being disposed of readily.

MOBILE SAVINGS BANK.

MOBILE, September 26.—The National Park Bank of New York will pay all checks drawn by the Mobile Savings Bank on Howes & Macy, New York.

MONTGOMERY LEVEL-HEADED.

MONTGOMERY, September 26.—At a large meeting of merchants to-day, it was resolved to pay all maturing obligations as promptly as the deranged financial situation would permit, and banks and bankers holding paper were requested to obtain extension if it should become necessary, and a similar request is made of all parties abroad who hold their paper.

Resolutions of full faith and confidence in the local banks and institutions were adopted.

Cotton has been coming in freely but not a bale has been sold for want of currency, and hence these resolutions.

Two yellow fever cases but no new cases for four days.

THE WEATHER.

BRISK WINDS IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—Probabilities: For the Middle States brisk winds, veering to south and southwest, generally cloudy weather with rain during the afternoon and night.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, east of the Mississippi, fresh and occasional brisk winds, mostly from the southeast and and southwest, and cloudy weather and rain areas.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, cloudy weather, rain areas and brisk winds, veering to the west and northwest.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, September 26.—A collision occurred near Coolist to-day in which several were killed.

PARIS, September 26.—Jean Chaconnuc, the French astronomer, is dead.

MADRID, September 26.—Reinforcements for the Spanish army in Cuba will be forwarded by steamer from Cadiz next week.

The discussions in the ranks of the Carlists continue. Don Carlos has ordered Gen. Saballs to present himself at headquarters to answer the charge of disobedience of orders.

MIDNIGHT NEWS.

THE FINANCIAL FLUTTER

THE GREAT GOLD STIR IN WALL STREET—THE BROKERS ON THE STREET DISPERSED BY THE POLICE—BETTER FEELING—JAY COOKE'S STATUS AT LAST—16 MILLIONS BALANCE—SUSPENSIONS IN GENERAL.

NEW YORK, September 26.—The gold speculation, which began just before noon, was the feature of the day and at a quarter to 1 o'clock prices of gold was 112 1-8 and at 1 o'clock heavy sales were made at 113 1-8.

The great necessity for borrowing gold and the fact that much of the gold on the market was really being hoarded created a large demand and drew a speculative feeling from the street in the way of stocks, for which there were two sets of prices. The excitement in gold seemed wild, prices spreading to 1,508; gold closed at 1 1/4.

The scene on Wall street was much less excited to-day. The crowd of brokers who have hitherto blocked up Broad street in front of the Stock Exchange, was much less this morning owing to the action of the Captain of Police, who directed his men to disperse all groups which threatened to interfere with sidewalk traffic. Brokers were by this means forced into the road, but they fared no better as the police ordered trucks to be driven through the crowd and so compelled the brokers to scatter in all directions.

The General feeling among the brokers appears to be more hopeful than on previous days, though there are, of course many who persist in regarding the situation in its blackest aspect.

There was wild excitement in the Gold Room to-day.

JAY COOKE'S FIX.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.—A statement is made of the assets and liabilities of Jay Cooke & Co., of Philadelphia, New York and Washington, placing their liabilities slightly over $7,900,000, and their assets, including bills receivable, bank stock, bonds, real estate, loans to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, show a balance of nearly $16,000,000. Half of which appears to be Northern Pacific Railroad stock.

NO GOVERNMENT INTERFERENCE HERE.

WASHINGTON, September 26.—The Cabinet session to-day was informal, only Richardson and Williams being present. Finances were discussed, and it was determined to stand by the result of last night's consultation at the White House, and to take no further action regarding extra currency disbursements.]

THE CRASH IN CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, September 26.—Arrived—Mary B. Meakin.

The Loan and Trust Company, the People's Bank of South Carolina, Planters and Mechanics' Bank, suspended. These are State banks and represent less than one-fourth of the banking capital of Charleston. The three national banks and the Union Bank pay all demands in full and claim to be stronger to-night than yesterday. No excitement—no failures.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, September 26.—The race for the October Handicap took place at Newmarket and was won by Tichborne. Lord Gough was second and the Lemonade colt third. Sixteen started.

Salustino Olezago, the well known Spanish statesman, is dead.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 26.—The situation in Wall street this morning presents no new failures, and business generally continues in a state of suspense. Foreign exchange has been reduced by the bankers to 5a6½ for long and short sterling, with actual business as low as 4¼a 5¼. Gold has been strong, with more activity, at sales at 12⅜. Money 1¼ commission. Western Union 55a57.

Several parties are short of gold, and refuse to pay one-half per cent for borrowing, consequently there is a hitch in the clearance of gold at the Gold Exchange Bank.

At 3 o'clock P. M gold 14.

Cotton irregular; sales 917 bales at 17 3-4a 18 1-2.

Cotton—net receipts 129; gross 2,233 bales.

Futures closed steady; sales 15,100 bales, as follows: September 16 7-8a16 15-16; October, 16 15-16a17; November 17 5-32a17 3-16; December 17 3-16a17 1-4.

Flour dull and declining; common to fair extra $6 50a7 60. Whisky lower at 97 for cash. Wheat unchanged with limited enquiry and closing irregular and unsettled. Corn very scarce and closing shade firmer. Rice dull and nominal. Pork weak and unsettled; new mess $17 1-2a18. Turpentine lower at $3 90a$4. Rosin dull. Tallow quiet. Freights steady at 10 1-2a12.

NEW ORLEANS, September 26.—Later—Flour dull; stock small; treble extra $7a 7 75; family $8 50a9 50. Corn, oats, bran, and hay in light supply with no sales. Pork dull at $17. Dry salted meats quiet. Shoulders 9. Bacon no sales. Lard dull and nominal; tierce 8 7-8a9; keg 10 1-2. Sugar and molasses no sales. Whisky dull; Louisiana 94; Cincinnati $1 02. Coffee unchanged.

Sterling and Gold entirely nominal. New York sight 3-8 premium. Currency heavy and can be fairly quoted at 5 per cent. premium over certified checks.

The meeting of the Cotton Exchange, called to approve of the course of the banks, has been indefinitely postponed.

FRANKFORT, September 26.—Bonds 95 3-8.

LIVERPOOL, September 26.—Cotton—Evening sales include 6,000 American. Yarns and fabrics dull with downward tendency.

LOUISVILLE, September 26.—Flour unchanged; business small. Corn held steady at 63a65 for sacked. Provisions unchanged, with limited order demand. Banks have suspended yet, and no undue excitement prevails, and business is progressing, but slowly. Transactions in breadstuffs and produce are confined to the immediate wants of the trade.

CINCINNATI, September 26.—The general markets are almost standing still No panicky feeling, but no disposition to operate, save to supply immediate necessities.

Flour—Family $5 90a$7 10 in currency. Corn quiet and steady at 54a55. Provisions nominally unchanged; there are orders here, but until drafts can be more readily negotiated, there will be little disposition to operate. Pork held at $15 25a$15 50. Lard nominal; steam held at 8; kettle held at 8¼a 8¾. Bacon quiet; shoulders nominal at 8¾; jobbing sales of clear rib at 9½; clear 9¾. Whisky—little doing; one sale at 90, currency.

ST. LOUIS, September 26.—Markets entirely nominal; not enough done to establish prices. Provisions—no sales.

BALTIMORE, September 26.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 16¼; gross receipts 109 bales; exports coastwise 100; sales 6; stock 989; weekly net receipts 427; gross 1,820; exports coastwise 1,026; sales 192.

MOBILE, September 26.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 15; net receipts 823 bales; exports coastwise 396; sales 100; stock 7,901; weekly net receipts 4,858; exports coastwise 288; sales 1,600.

PROVIDENCE, September 26.—Stock of cotton on hand 500 bales.

GALVESTON, September 26.—Cotton nominal; good ordinary 15 1-4; net receipts 521 bales; stock 7,935; weekly net receipts 3 154; exports coastwise 316; sales 136.

NASHVILLE, September 26.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 16; receipts 903; shipments 582; stock 1,711.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending to day:

Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	38,842	bales
Same time last year	65,751	"
Showing a decrease of	26,909	"
Total receipts at all United States ports to date	87,772	"
Last year	119,459	"
Showing a decrease of	71,647	"
Exports from all United States ports for the week	5 7 6	"
Same time last year	15,229	"
Showing a decrease of	9,653	"
Total exports from all United States ports to date	22,437	"
Total exports same time last year	30,435	"
Showing a decrease of	7,998	"
Stock on hand at all United States ports	92,881	"
Stock at all United States ports same time last year	133,668	"
Showing a decrease of	40,901	"
Stock on hand at all interior towns	15,0.8	"
Not given last year.		
Stock on hand at Liverpool	663,000	"
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	799,000	"
Showing a decrease of	96,000	"
American Cotton afloat for Great Britain	28,0 0	"
Same time last year	7,000	"
Showing an increase of	18,000	"

WILMINGTON, September 26.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17 1-2; net receipts 229; exports coastwise 25; sales 2; stock 697; weekly net receipts 747; exports coastwise 328; sales 64.

SAVANNAH, September 26.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16¼; net receipts 2,010; exports coastwise 1,549; sales 258; stock 8,365; weekly net receipts 10,177; exports coastwise 6,769; sales 774.

CHARLESTON, September 26.—Cotton active; middlings 15¼; net receipts 343; exports coastwise 1,672; sales 600; stock 5,992; weekly net receipts 4,143; exports coastwise 4,344.

AUGUSTA, September 26.—Cotton—No price; receipts 1,640; shipments 1,825; sales 66; stock, 1872, 2,939; 1873, 3,088; weekly receipts 3,988; sales 1,825; taken by mills 220.

NORFOLK, September 26.—Cotton—Net receipts 1,185; exports coastwise 490; stock 1,508; weekly net receipts 3,451; exports coastwise 2,530; sales 132.

BOSTON, September 26.—Cotton—nominal; middlings 18 1-4; net receipts 10, gross 1,209; exports, Great Britain, 539; sales 75; stock 9,000; weekly net receipts 539; gross 3,816, exports, Great Britain, 539; sales 1,179.

MEMPHIS, September 26.—Cotton—nominal; receipts 656; shipments 443; stock 5,072; weekly receipts 4,706; sh

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA
SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 27, 1873.

Democratic Nominee for Clerk Superior Court.

JAMES D. COLLINS,
(Election October 8th.)

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
McNAUGHER & CO.
See Saturday's Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "nove."
mar17-1y

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, paints and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article of [illegible]

REDWINE & FOX.

State and County Tax Payers.

TAKE NOTICE!

I am positively commanded by the CONTROLLER GENERAL to close the STATE AND COUNTY TAX BOOKS *within the time prescribed by the Tax Act* of the last General Assembly.

I am left no discretion. Come forward and save costs.

R. R. HOYLE, T. C.

OFFICE Alabama street, nearly opposite Austell's Bank.
sept23—d10t

Carley, Duck & Co!

Atlanta Branch [Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 38 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils; Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, &c., in Variety; Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvas, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc. Orders solicited.
sept5-eodly

PRICES of all goods marked in plain figures, only one price. Robes $2 25 to $12 00; walking and train skirts 80 cents to $6 25; chemises, $1 to $3 50, drawers 75 cents to $3, corset covers $1 25 to $4 50, toilet sacques $1 25 to $7, aprons 40 cents to $4 50, all made of the finest sheeting material—at 41 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office.
aug7-deod1f
MRS. BROOKS.

LECTURE OF RT. REV. BISHOP GROSS. The beautiful address, delivered at the Capital to an immense audience, and reported verbatim in THE CONSTITUTION, is greatly in demand. To supply orders received, we are printing *five thousand* copies. The net proceeds go to the Building Committee of the splendid new Catholic church. For sale at the counter at 5 cents per copy, $3 per hundred, $10 per five hundred, $18 per thousand. We will pay postage on orders from a distance.
tf

THOUGHT AND ITS CHARIOTS.—Address at Monroe Female College by Rev. Dr. Dixon. In pamphlet form. Price same as lecture above.
sept5-tf

THE BOOK STORE OF PHILLIPS & CREW, ATLANTA, Ga.—Is the place to buy satisfactorily, both at wholesale and retail, everything in their trade, from a Cyclopedia to a School Primer—from a Bank Ledger to a Lady's Envelop. Whatever you may want, write to or call them. Whenever you want any books, send a list, and they will annex their prices thereto. They do not "duplicate New York bills," but sell as low as any house in the State.
sep14 eodtf.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Dupree & Benedict's New Orleans minstrels are now on their twenty-second annual tour.

The customers of Cochran, McLaws & Co., of New York, are authorized to remit currency at their expense.

The First Ward Democratic Club meet to-night at the R. E. Lee engine house.

See legal notice of Judge John M. James, Ordinary of Douglass county.

Henderson & Torrence keep the Green Line Grocery Store at No. 111 Whitehall street.

Read the attractive schedule of prices for clothing at Eiseman & Bros.

See legal notice by Judge Steward, Ordinary of DeKalb county.

See Campbell County Deputy Sheriff's Sales

ADVERTISE in THE CONSTITUTION of to-morrow.

HENDERSON & TORRENCE.—We invite attention to the card of Henderson & Terrence of the Green Line Grocery Store. They are energetic and reliable, and we cordially commend them to the patronage of our readers.

WHEN THE CONSTITUTION announces a large edition customers may rely upon it, as such announcement is *not* made when we have orders.

THE CADETS.—The Cadets drilled yesterday afternoon in the parade ground, under Lieut. C. W. Henderson. They went through the manual with the usual dexterity and proficiency of skilled veterans. They presented a fine appearance. The "Katy-dids" are justly popular.

B. TIP'S beef stall, on Whitehall street, next to Brotherton's, opens to-day. He keeps choice meat.

LANGFORD'S "big dog" will be taken down to-day.

ADVERTISEMENTS should be sent in early to-day for the big edition of THE CONSTITUTION to-morrow.

BRENNER Mayson & Norman's big auction sale this morning. Bargains will be sold.

ON CHANGE.—At the meeting on change yesterday many cheerful faces were seen. President Crane presided. Messrs. W. J. Garrett, J. A. Stewart and T. L. Langston were appointed to examine a lot of flour bought by J. R. Simmons & Co. that did not come up to the sample.

READ in your advertisements early to-day for the *real* big edition of Sunday.

RENTING THE STATE ROAD.—The Western and Atlantic Railroad Company are expending a vast sum of money in putting the road in good condition, preparatory to anticipated heavy run of freight this winter. Besides laying costly steel rails, new cross ties are being inserted and the bed of the road heavily ballasted with rock, at a cost of about 60 cents a mile per annum. A railroad man tells us the road is in better condition than it has been in a number of years.—*Marietta Journal.*

DON'T fail to read Eiseman & Bro.'s attractive circle of prices.

THE SUPPER LAST NIGHT.—The supper given last night by the ladies of the Central Presbyterian Church, for the benefit of the mission school, was a brilliant success. The room was crowded to suffocation, and was so large as to be uncomfortable for the crowd. The array of beauty and good things was tempting. We confess that we couldn't resist the temptation, and our shortcomings in this article may be attributed to the fact that "we are all built for sinfulness." The supper realized a handsome sum. The ice cream table alone netted over $50. The ladies deserve great praise for their untiring efforts.

IVAN IVE.—German, the indefatigable traveler, who has visited in every State, except the state of matrimony, has spoken of the Sweetwater (Tenn.) girls:

"We have heard of many pretty girls about Sweetwater. One, a Miss Pickel, who made us think of nice sweetmeats, and other vegetables a pickle to a relish. We never thought we could love pickles so. Then, there were the beautiful Misses Cannon pretty and rich enough to make a fellow feel the thing to catch even a gill spee of their rosy cheeks or jet black eyes."

He is certainly be in a nice pickle, or worse than a bottle, if, after this, he don't take more candy with him to lower Georgia.

THERE was a heavy rush on "Thompson's" oyster and ice fight, but he was equal to the crisis.

Another Temple of Justice.

A goodly number of the young lawyers met at the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association for the purpose of organizing a moot court. The meeting was called to order by electing Walter H. Brown, chairman, and W. H. Walker, Secretary.

A motion was carried to meet regularly the 2d and 4th Fridays in each month.

On motion Mr. Mynatt was elected as Judge to preside at said court.

Messrs. Wade as Clerk and W. B. Walker, Sheriff. (Pro tem.)

The premises to be a permanent establishment and will be doubtless do much good. All the young members of the bar are requested to co-operate.

Meeting of the Third Ward Democratic Club.

A meeting of the Democrats of the Third Ward was held last night at the store house of Dr. Thompson, on Pryor street.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this Club adopt the suggestions contained in the resolution of the Sixth Ward, passed at their last meeting, appointing the 11th day of October next.

Resolved, second, That the polls be opened at the store of Dr. Thompson, beginning at 8 o'clock A. M. and to continue until 7 P. M.

A resolution calling upon the voters of the Ward, and requesting that they should act on early day together and not wait for the last day of election, was unanimously adopted.

WELL DONE FOR ATLANTA.

The People of the Bank Who Suspended.

The Crisis Believed to be Passed.

Yesterday afternoon we gave a resume of the situation in Atlanta. We have to report this morning that it was unchanged at the close of banking hours yesterday, save that the banks were stronger and the general feeling was that all danger had passed. It is certainly claimed that the deposits in the various banks yesterday more than *doubled* the amounts drawn out by check or draft.

Messrs. W. H. & R. J. Dickey have issued a card which states that the Central National Bank of New York, through whom they do their largest business, is all right. Also, a dispatch from Mr. Wm. Markham, that the other banks of New York, as well as the Central, are all right.

Mr. Philip D. Corey publishes a card in to-day's CONSTITUTION, containing most admirable advice to the people.

We trust that all money withdrawn will be redeposited to-day. Let business at once resume its usual course.

A Correction.

[The following was brought to us unsolicited. We did not deem the matter worthy of our slightest attention. We blame Mr. Corey, however, for his prompt vindication. EDS. CON.]

In justice to the editors of THE CONSTITUTION, I wish to correct a statement made in the morning's Herald, which makes it appear that the editor of THE CONSTITUTION *maliciously* inserted a paragraph in their paper causing a panic on the Freedman's Bank.

No one who is acquainted with these gentlemen would entertain the thought of their condescending to such a low such mis-statements. There was nothing in the paragraph quoted of calculated to alarm any one. What I stated was the entire truth, and fully endorsed by a prominent people who had authorized this Bank to make some way implicated with the Bank's failure. And when the paragraph in question clearly states that the business correspondence of this company with Cooke, closed several months since. THE CONSTITUTION has voluntarily noticed the bank's its stability, its assets, and I remember especially when two years ago this fall there was a panic in regard to this bank. THE CONSTITUTION spoke handsomely of it, and exercised a good influence in its behalf.

PHILIP D. COREY.

DeKALB SUPERIOR COURT.

Thomas Wair Sentenced to be Hung

—An Impressive Scene—Motion for New Trial Overruled—Court Adjourned.

Yesterday morning an impressive scene was witnessed in the Court-house at Decatur, when Thomas Wair was brought before the Judge to receive the utmost penalty of the violated law, for the murder of L. B. Womack.

The court room was crowded with anxious and many sympathizing friends of Wair and family. The prisoner is a young man of good appearance, tall and well formed, but somewhat pale from long confinement and suffering from a dangerous wound from a pistol ball which passed through his right lung and still lodges in his body. This wound he received from the man whom he killed last winter, and for which act he has been convicted of murder. He came into court apparently deeply impressed with his impending doom, accompanied by his sorrowing wife, who was much more demonstrative of her feelings than her husband. The address of Judge Hopkins, before passing sentence upon Wair, was most impressive, and evidently thrilled the hearts of many present with feelings of solemnity seldom experienced; it was listened to with breathless and intense interest by all who heard it and no doubt will be a life-time remembrance to many there. The prisoner listened to it with bowed head and concentrated attention. His wife sat by him, clinging with that true and complete self abandonment of distressed affection while honly a true woman and true wife entertains for the husband of her heart, with a love stronger than *death*.

After his address the Judge said: *"Let the prisoner stand up."* He then passed the following sentence:

State of Georgia vs. Thomas Wair. Murder.

The defendant, Thomas Wair, having been found guilty of Murder, by the verdict of a jury, it is ordered and considered by the Court that he be taken from the bar of this Court, to the jail of DeKalb county and there safely kept, until Friday the 31st day of October, A. D. 1873, and that on that day between the hours of 10 in the forenoon and 4 in the afternoon, at a place within one half mile of the Courthouse in Decatur, DeKalb county, the Sheriff of said county do hang the defendant, Thomas Wair, by the neck until he is dead. The execution of this sentence shall be in private, and witnessed only by the executing officer, a convenient guard, the relations of the defendant and such clergymen and friends as he may desire.

JOHN L. HOPKINS,
Judge Superior Court
Atlanta Circuit.

After the sentence was pronounced, the pent up feelings of his long suffering wife found vent in agonized wailings and groans, wrung from her tortured breast.

His counsel having moved for a new trial, which was refused, the case will no doubt be taken to the Supreme Court for review, with little hope of any reversal.

Good Templars.

At the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, in Augusta, the following officers were elected:

Grand Worthy Chief Templar—L B Gwaltney.
Grand Counsellor—M P Foster.
Grand Worthy Vice Templar—Mrs J G Thrower.
Grand Worthy Secretary—Samuel C Robinson.
Grand Worthy Treasurer—J Eldridge.

The following officers were appointed:

Rev M M Landrum, G W C; Samuel O Houston, G W M; J A G Carson, G W I G; R W Egott, G W O G.

The following are the Grand Representatives to the proposed convention of Grand Lodges South: Rev L R Gwaltney—Alternate, Rev O C Pope; J G Thrower—Alternate, R M Mitchell; R P Lawson—Alternate, D E G Foster; W A Clark—Alternate, H K Shackelford; M P Foster—Alternate, M M Landrum.

The delegates returned last night. The Grand Lodge adjourned yesterday, after a harmonious session. The next meeting will be held at Acworth.

PENCILGRAMS.—About one thousand voters have registered to date.

The third annual soiree of the Machinists and Blacksmiths Union of Georgia takes place at Concordia Hall on the 7th of October.

Comptroller General Goldsmith has issued an order to the Sheriffs of the State to withhold for thirty days all fifas against TAX COLLECTORS.

The Selma excursionists returned home last night.

A good deed is never forgotten. An Atlanta banker did a favor several years ago for a New York House. Yesterday that banker received a telegram announcing that the house had placed $40,000 to his credit, and would increase it to $75,000.

The Marietta Journal says "DeKalb county has withdrawn from the contest" for the the premium to construct at the State Fair. Our cotemporary is mistaken. She could not withdraw, because she never entered.

The infant child of Alderman John W. Scrugg, of Stone Mountain, died Thursday night.

Cox & Hill's hand copper whisky distillery at Stone Mountain is said to be the model distillery of the State. It turns out four barrels of pure corn whisky per day. Already one hundred barrels have been sold. Mr. J. M. Sheppard, the distiller, has an experience of twenty years as a distiller.

The P. D. Ham has arrived at Hagan's.

John M. Holbrook has three hats in one, and reversable caps.

Mayson & Norman receive at par for goods certified checks on the Dollar Savings' Bank or James' Bank.

DeGive's Opera House is rapidly approaching completion. It will seat about 2,000 people.

Alderman McMillan has been to Columbus and Middle Georgia on a jamboree. Thursday evening at 5 o'clock he was on the Central Railroad 238 miles from Atlanta with fifteen three-pound perch. He reached Atlanta at 5:40 yesterday morning and had the fish cooked for breakfast. What an epicure!

Colonel Adair says that it don't hurt the Street Car Company for the people to make a "run" on the cars.

Even the Grand Lodge of Good Templars suspended their connection with the World's Grand Lodge.

The matrimonial campaign opens on the 30th inst.

There was a "run" on THE CONSTITUTION office yesterday for papers, and three or four hundred copies were disposed of. There will be another "run" this afternoon.

R. B. Hemphill, of the Abbeville (S. C.) Medium, is in the city. Our merchants will find his paper a good advertising medium.

It was currently reported last night on the street that the Pennsylvania Central Railroad had purchased the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad.

The first fast train on the Air Line Railroad will leave to-morrow at 9 A. M.

COLONEL AYCOCK was treated with a fine serenade at Grantville, in obedience to the request of the ladies. He delivered an address on the crisis. He regretted that no reporter was present, as his speech would be lost to the country. He urged upon the people not to lose their confidence and to avoid panics and Communists and colic. He recommended all to keep a clear conscience and a stiff upper lip, and to subscribe for THE CONSTITUTION. The meeting closed after singing:

"Hail Columbia, happy land,
Over there! over there!

J. W. BURKE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Booksellers and Stationers,
CORNER ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL STREETS,
Atlanta, Georgia.
WALL PAPER TO MATCH NEW YORK BILLS.

GEORGIA'S ELDORADO

Golden Balonega and its Dormant Treasures.

A. L. Harris Takes a Jaunt through Fulton, DeKalb, Gwinnett, Milton, Forsyth and Dawson Counties, and Gives a Racy Account of What He Saw.

Old Peach, Going to the Country, and Taken for Acton.

DAHLONEGA, GA., September 23, 1873.

Editors Constitution: On a mild Saturday afternoon your correspondent, in company with Major A. H. Moore, a gold miller of judgment and experience, rode away from Atlanta behind a pair of gallant greys, billed for this auriferous locality. It was a lazy, sunshiny afternoon; the air was balmy with the fruits and flowers and forrests of the country; there were bits of delicious landscape, and a calm contentment seemed spread over nature and us. The week's work was about over, and the repose of the blessed Sabbath was heralded quietly and sweetly.

SIR-BAY AND SOBRIQUET OF HIM

Rolling smoothly over the excellent highway, we reached Norcross and John Thrasher's hostelrie, in time for a hearty welcome and supper. At Norcross we met our former fellow-citizen, Dr. Ray, who is now practicing medicine there. The Doctor says it is disgustingly healthy about Norcross, although he occasionally picks up a promising case on the river bottom. He was called upon recently by a gentleman asking professional advice in the case of an ailing child. Says the anxious parent: "Doctor, don't you think it would do her good to take her into the country?" Now Norcross, although not as big as Atlanta, is no slouch of a place, but the Doctor, no doubt, with the magnificence of the Capital before his mental vision, answered: "Take her into the country! What in the name of goodness do you call this?"

The next morning our Gothic steeds and architectural barouche were drawn up before Norcross' Kimball House, and taking our seats we drove to the Chattahoochee, to the ferry of that fine, courtly gentlemen, Judge Graham, and were promptly set across by Kirk.

OLD PEACH.

As we were crossing, Maj. Moore says: "Kirk, you have'nt any old peach, I reckon?" Kirk replied: you wouldn't drink anything of that sort would you?" As we rolled up the hill, Kirk remarked, "Didn't you say something about some old peach; Come to the house and let's see if I can scare up any."

We stopped, Kirk glided in, and re-appeared with one of those old fashioned hard shell, flat quart bottles with an eagle on it, and the rich, yellow liquid within, through which the sun shone like an Italian sky. I am sorry to say Major Moore took an observation of the firmament with the bottle in his right hand. I didn't drink any. Success to Kirk and his ferry.

MILTON COUNTY.

As we rode through old Milton, the eye was gladdened with orchards filled with fruit, broad fields of corn, and wide expanse of cotton; indeed, the whole country, from Atlanta, through Fulton, DeKalb, Gwinnett, Milton, Forsyth, Dawson and Lumpkin, to Dahlonega, has abundant crops to ensure plenty and contentment.

CUMMING.

The village of Cumming, in Forsyth county, lay serene in the Sabbath stillness, and had withal, an appearance of dignity, befitting the home of a live Congressman. The citizens of this district are expecting a good record of **Hon. Mr. Bell**, and I do not think they will be disappointed.

DAHLONEGA.

Monday brought us into Dahlonega, and as we airily alighted at the door of the "Eagle," we were welcomed by "mine host," Bosser.

RESULT OF BEING FAT.

An agreeable looking gentleman walked down the piazza and seizing the hand of your correspondent exclaimed: "How are you, Colonel Acton?" I felt highly honored at being mistaken for so distinguished a gentleman as my frail friend, Colonel Acton; and a wicked thought may have entered my head, to allow the self-deceived gentleman to remain thus deceived and communicate the intelligence of the arrival of your unrivalled agent, when a rush of subscriptions, with the accompanying cash, would pour in, and, with my ill gotten gains, I could retire to some beauteous isle and live a life of eastern magnificence and oriental splendor. But, if such a wicked thought did enter my head, it was quickly banished, for I informed the gentleman he was mistaken in his surmise. "Then," says he, "you are 'Fatty' Harris, for their are no other such men in the State." Such is fame!

GOLD, YE GODS!

Announcing our desire to inspect the various mines and gold mills about Dahlonega, we have received most courteous and hearty attentions from Mr. Woodward, of the "Signal," Col. Boyd, Mr. Sitton, Messrs. Parker and Martin, Hon. Mr. Afee, Mr. McDonald, and other gentlemen, who accompanied us to the rocky fastnesses wherein lie untold wealth, and to the gold mills, for powdering up the quartz and extracting the gold. Some of these are in noisy activity, but most of them are idly silent. Indeed, but three mills are constantly at work; that of Mr. McAfee, a mile and a half from the court house, with five stamps that of Mr. Chrisson, the same distance, with twenty stamps, and that of Mr. Moore, with five stamps. These mills are doing well. The great Yahoola Company's Mill, and the celebrated Pride Mill, and the Wood Mine Mill, near Nacklesville are idle. But signs of renewed activity appear. It is said the Yahoola Company's and Pride's mills, will be soon put in operation, supplied with water from the celebrated Yahoola acquaduct, which is to be repaired. Messrs. Parker and Martin are opening a mine about a mile east of Dahlonega, which shows extensively rich ore. Other mines are being opened. Yesterday a negro dug a pit in the gutter of of the highway, half a mile north of the Court House and took out six pennyweights of pure gold. Some fifty men and women are panning the branches and make good wages. The whole region is full of gold, and the day is not far distant when thousands will again resort to these diggings, and the hills will resound with the clang of mills and reports of blasts.

EVIDENCE OF GOLD PLENTY.

I do not think your readers, generally, are aware of the immense value of the gold that has been mined here. It is estimated at over twenty millions of dollars in gold. Six and a half millions were sold to the mint; and the forest growth shows that mines far greater in extent than those that have been worked are yet untouched. No one can dispute the presence of gold in vast quantities, and if the proper means were taken to let it be known in the proper manner, in the proper quarters, the secures of the eighteen—thirties and forys would be re produced, and Dahlonega would be what it was before the California discoveries carried the miners to the Pacific slope. This is an Eldorado as rich as California, Australia or New Zealand; the precious metal exists and will be discovered in astonishingly rich veins. What has been done can be done. In 1838 masses equally of quartz and gold were taken from the Finley vein. From the Pasamore vein $10,000 of gold were taken in twenty days by digging in soft slate. From Singleton's vein, a half mile from the court house, a large amount of free gold in coarse particles was taken. A vein was discovered in the bed of the Chestatee River, four miles from the court house, in which the gold could be seen from the bank of the river. The most magnificent uncrystallized specimens ever seen were taken out of this vein, and as much as $3,000 worth has been thrown out by a single blast. Many rocks which could easily be lifted in one hand, were valued at hundreds of dollars. Three men, in one day, surreptitiously dug out ore, carried water in a tub, and with common pans got out over $900 worth of gold. Many more instances of the astonishing richness of the veins in this vicinity could be repeated, and they are not in one locality, but scattered over a region of five miles. I have seen specimens of ore, broken from the vein, studded with native gold, flashing its glorious light to the world for the first time, after so many centuries of concealment in the somber rock. Don't think I have the "gold fever." I have'n got it. I only reiterate what the patient, waiting people of this place know so well. They are hopeful—they are confident that the day will come when the treasures of the green-clad hills on which they gaze every day will be revealed, and Dahlonega will take its place among the prosperous cities of the world.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I met Mr. Charles Perry, of Savannah, and his cultivated family here, where, and at Porter's Springs, they have been spending the season. Two of his sons attend the excellent academy here. Mr. Perry is a most intelligent and refined gentleman, and is sanguine that this section has a future.

I also met here Mr. John H. George, formerly of this region, but for many years of Fort Mason, Texas. Mr. George came here to visit the scene of his youth, en route to New York, where he goes to receive a shipment of nine thousand head of cattle in installments of five hundred. The cattle go via St. Louis and Erie Railway. He lives on the western border of Texas, and says emigrants who stop at Sherman and Dallas, and vicinity make their chance. They should go to San Antonio, a city of 40,000 inhabitants and 90 miles from a railroad or steamboat; and the country west of there, if they would thrive. There, I've lighted in San Antonio, Texas, from Dahlonega, at one jump. I think I'll quit.

A. L. HARRIS.

Dollar Saving's Bank.

We feel assured that the temporary suspension of this bank will not impair its strength or its future usefulness. It will be observed that the first banks which have suspended are the Saving's Banks and the private banks. The reason is obvious. Most of the depositors in such banks are men and women doing a small business and having small means. They are much more anxious about their deposits and are more easily frightened than the larger merchants. They are easily inf. cted with a panic, and the contagion, or rather conflagration, spread like a prairie fire.

The Dollar Saving's Bank has been specially known for its liberal interest paid on deposits, (commencing from the very day the deposit was made), and its large demands.

Now, such liberal terms of interest, both as to time and amount, could not be maintained without the utmost activity, vigilance and sagacity in investments. The very secret, therefore, of the success of the institution necessitated an investment of a large portion of its capital and deposits.

The very source and maintainance of its success precluded the policy of maintaining a large amount of funds on hand. Hence, when an unexpected run was made upon the bank the currency on hand was soon exhausted. The bank, therefore, was either obliged to suspend or sacrifice the interests of stockholders and depositors by a forced sale of notes and real estate at greatly depreciated values.

The alternative of suspension became, therefore, a necessity. It was a wise and necessary precaution required to protect, not only the interests of the bank and its friends; for a sale of property at panic prices by an institution of such prominence would have affected injuriously the interests of every member of the community.

CHARACTER OF THE PEOPLE.

For many years past the people of the South have been holding conventions to encourage domestic manufactures and develop the resources of our section. The city of Atlanta has been conspicuous in advocating the vital importance of fostering a diversified industry as essential to the continuance of our present prosperity. The firm of Gordon & Willis have not talked much in this line, but they have acted upon it. They have put in material aid and lent their financial sagacity and experience to the conduct of some of our most important enterprises.

They have materially assisted the full development of the Ice Factory, which has cheapened the price of ice by one-half, and served as an advertisement to our city by the originality of the enterprise.

After the failure of Rundell & Co.'s Furniture Factory, Gordon & Willis resuscitated it, put it upon a solid basis, and to day have produced a number of furniture to be put on exhibition at the *State Fair*, which is an honor to the artistic and mechanical skill of the State of Georgia.

Of both the companies working these important industries, J. M. Willis is President.

After the box factory burned down, a new building was started by Bell & Willis, and ways and means were organized by which a better building than the original was constructed and a successful business commenced.

It will be observed that in their assistance to all these enterprises the interests or banks were carefully guarded by taking ample security for money loaned, and J. M. Willis gave the additional security of his personal supervision.

Now, let us not forget that while others have been talking Gordon & Willis have been acting for the development of our industries. We think it may be safely asserted that they have done more, in proportion to the amount of their means, for the development of the manufactures of the city of Atlanta than any firm in our city.

Their exhibit of property to meet their liabilities is ample. All they require is a wise forbearance on the part of depositors and the public, and we predict that this temporary suspension will only advertise the strength of the bank, the integrity and sagacity of its management, and pave the way for a more prosperous future upon a larger basis.

THE COURTS.

The Proceedings of the Supreme Court—Trial of the Earnest Case before Judge Erskine Concluded—Welch Case to be Tried to-day—Criminal Matters before the Magistrates, Etc., Etc.

THE SUPREME COURT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

8 Southwestern	*7	15 Cherokee	9
9 Pataula	†14	16 Augusta	†11
10 Chattahoochee	†15	17 Middle	2
11 Macon	†10	18 Ocmulgee	†13
12 Flint	6	19 Eastern	9
13 Tallapoosa	†11	20 Brunswick	1
14 Rome	†10		

† 1 Continued. † 4 Continued. ‡ 18 Continued.
* 2 Continued. 5 1 Continued.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, September 26 h, 1873.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 3. Lee Smith vs. The State. Murder, from Webster. Argued. W. A. Hawkins, G. W. Pickett, J. R. McClecky, for plaintiff in error. C. F. Crisp, Solicitor General, represented by Phil. Cook, C. T. Goode, for the State.

No. 4. W. A. Black et al. vs. T. R. Swanson. Complaint, from Sumter. Argued. Allen Fort, by N. A. Smith, for plaintiffs in error. Hawkins & Guerry for defendant.

No. 5. Withdrawn.

No. 6. Co'quitt & Bagge, et al, vs. P. H. Oliver. Money Rule, from Sumter. Argued. W. B. Guerry, Hawkins & Guerry, B. P. Hollis, for plaintiffs in error. Allen Fort, by N. A. Smith, C. T. Goode, for defendant

No. 7. Withdrawn.

No. 8. J. M. Rogers vs. J. F. & M. Hamilton. Complaint, from Sumter. Argued. Hawkins & Guerry, represented by Phil. Cook, for plaintiff in error. B. P. Hollis, Allen Fort contra.

No. 13, Rufus King vs. Robert Parker et al, money rule, from Webster. Argued. Hawkins, Guerry & Hollis, for plaintiff in error. W. A. Hawkins, T. H. Pickett, contra.

No. 14, Charles F. Crisp, Solicitor General exrel, vs. Geo. A. Brown, two warrants from Sumter. Argued.

W. A. Hawkins, for plaintiff in error.

N. A. Smith, W. B. Guerry, contra.

No. 17. Hardeman & Sparks vs. R. D. Brown, *et al*, Claim, from Macon. Argued.

F. T. Snead; Poe & Hall, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

W. A. Hawkins, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of W. A. Hawkins, Esq., the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Seven cases still undisposed of on the Southwestern Circuit.

The United States Courts.

The District and Circuit Court of the United States met at their usual hour yesterday morning, his Honor Judge Erskine presiding.

The trial of the case of E. E. Earnest vs. the Southern Express Company was resumed and concluded. Able and forcible arguments were made by Messrs. Broyles and Arnold, for the plaintiff, and by Colonel N. J. Hammond for the defendant. The amount sued for in this case is $900, but we learn that the Judge has charged the law so that the plaintiff cannot recover beyond $50 and interest, if anything at all. The case was so warmly contested that it occupied the court the whole day until a late hour in the afternoon. The jury were out when court adjourned.

The other cases set for trial yesterday were reset.

The Courts adjourned to meet at nine o'clock this morning.

By special agreement the first case to be taken up to-day is L. M. Welch & Co. vs. the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad Company. Argument. Messrs. Garnett, Garlington and Broyles represent the plaintiffs; Messrs. Collier, Mynatt and Collier the defendants.

The other cases set for to-day are:

The United States vs. M. F. M. Greenway, Joseph Cook, et al., and Jerry Elrod. All whisky cases.

The Justices' Courts.

The only one of our local magistrates who transacted any criminal business yesterday was Justice Munday. He had two cases.

Lewis Ware, a gentleman of the colored way of using a broom handle, was arrested and brought before this functionate for whipping his wife of his bosom, Sarah Ann Ware.

The warrant was taken out by one Ann Manning, and appears to have been a friend of the wife. The case was opened by the attorneys, but fortunately for the husband the State's witnesses broke down, so that the Judge dismissed the warrant with costs.

Mr. F. P. Gray for the plaintiff. Thomson, contra.

We learn that the bailiff Holmes has waived examination upon the warrant issued against him Thursday, and given bond.

Justice Butt donned his clerical habit yesterday, and joined together in the holy bonds of matrimony Mr. Handy Cook and Miss Celia Hampton, both colored. The parties hail from Calhoun county, Alabama. They came on the excursion train, and concluded to have matters fixed up on account of the cold folks at home. So Justice Butt fixed it for them in style, and they departed happy.

Minerva Horton was brought before Justice Bascom yesterday on a charge of perjury, preferred against her by Wilson Holmes. This warrant, however, was dismissed at the prosecutor's cost.

Station House Report.

We have only five arrests to chronicle for Friday. They are mostly whisky cases.

A Card.

Owing to the unparalleled revulsion now disturbing the financial interest of the whole country, disturbing confidence and arresting all the machinery of trade, and this at a moment when the ample product of our country is ready for movement, but stayed for the want of the usual moneyed facilities, I find myself compelled to suspend, temporarily, the payment of depositors of my Banking house. For their assurance I have to say that my assets are of the best character, both as to the commercial paper now daily maturing and to city realty and good stocks and bonds. I have assets more than double the amount of my liabilities, and I only need reasonable time to collect my maturing paper from the mercantile community, and to realize on valuable securities. I ask this indulgence with confidence, and pledge to my depositors every dollar of my properties, both real and personal, for their security, and with the honest assurance that I will, as rapidly as possible, convert all my collections and sales to the payment of their accounts.

September 27th, 1873. JOHN H. JAMES.

An Excellent Card from the Cashier of the Freedman's Bank.

ATLANTA, GA., September 26th, 1873.

There are some colored people who are depositing in other Banks than the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company. Some of them are frightened about the solvency of Banks in which they deposit. I would say a word in regard to all such. Don't disturb your money at all. There is no Bank in the city that is going to break. Stand by your Bank, wherever you may be depositing your money. Depend upon it that men who are putting you up to this nonsense of running and getting your money, are men who have no interest at stake in any Bank or in any established business. In whatever Bank your money may be leave it right there. It will be better taken care of than you can take care of it yourself.

PHILIP D. COREY.

Endorsement of the Dollar Savings Bank.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company yesterday, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That this Company feel that it is due to its President, James M. Willis, to express its full and perfect confidence in his financial ability and his integrity.

The strict fidelity, admirable skill and honorable conduct which he has exhibited while acting as President of the Company, entitle him to our fullest confidence and respect, and while we can not but regret the unfortunate circumstances which at present surround him, yet we feel that the funds belonging to the Company, deposited in the Dollar Savings Bank, are in no danger of being lost and that there is no occasion whatever for any stockholder of this Company having the slightest anxiety in regard to the same.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted by the Secretary to Mr. Willis.

The Big Well.

Editors Constitution: Please allow me space to resume my proposition to pay for my big well.

Many of my scientific friends have cautioned me vo bally, and by letter, as to the propriety of such a risk. I highly appreciate their motives, and hope some day to reward their generosity, with a treat from my big well.

But remember, friends, that since the foundation of the world, nearly every valuable invention and discovery had to fight against the theories and sciences of their day, and theories and science have been remodeled to suit inventions and discoveries. Had this not been the case, the earth to this day would be riding on the back of a turtle. But to come down to our day and time. If Professor Morse, and the various discoverers of steam pressure, had listened to science, where would our telegraph and locomotives be. In a word, had Columbus yielded to the mighty mass of scientific pressure, previous to his trip to America, where would we be.

I expect the children of future generations to read of my big well in their primers.

Now, in all seriousness, I would ask the Commissioners to give me an opportunity to work for nothing for the city, and prove to you that I can supply the city with water in spite of theories.

The people are complaining of high taxes, and here is a chance to greatly curtail prospective expenses, and I am ready to sign any kind of paper you wish, binding me to pay for the well, if I fail.

Very respectfully, F. D. THURMAN

A Powerful Endorsement.

Elsewhere we give the straightforward card of Hon. John H. James, giving notice of the temporary suspension of his bank. It is a well known fact that Mr. James has been extremely liberal in assisting the merchants and business men of Atlanta through the present fearfully dull season, and the almost unparalleled suspension of nearly all the banks throughout the United States caused a panic here and a run upon the bank, and not able to realize at once from the business men of Atlanta upon their paper, he was compelled to follow the general example. But it gave occasion for one of the most remarkable exhibitions of confidence ever seen. Without his knowledge a number of our wealthiest citizens proffered to endorse his solvency, and the paper below was speedily gotten up, endorsing him to the amount of nearly *two hundred thousand dollars*, which could have been swelled to *half a million* if necessary.

ATLANTA, GA., September 26, 1873

We the undersigned citizens of Atlanta, in view of the present condition of the monetary affairs and to show our confidence in the solvency and reliability of John H. James, Banker, without any solicitation from him agree to guarantee the ultimate payment by him to his depositors to the amount hereunto placed opposite our several names.

Thomas Alexander	Fifty Thousand		$50,000
J. W. England	Ten	do	10,000
S. M. Inman	Ten	do	10,000
Alfred Austell	Ten	do	10,000
Lowe, Douglas & Dallas	Ten	do	10,000
Jones & Beatie	Ten	do	10,000
W. J. Garrett	Ten	do	10,000
Geo. W. Adair	Ten	do	10,000
A. C. & B. F. Wyley	Ten	do	10,000
J. R. Wallace	Five	do	5,000
W. A. Hemphill & Co.	Five	do	5,000
Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.	Ten	do	10,000
P. & G. T. Dodd	Ten	do	10,000

MILLERS' CONVENTION IN AUGUSTA.—The Convention of Millers at Augusta, on Thursday, adopted a constitution and elected the following officers:

President—T. P. Stovall, Augusta.
Vice President—R. L. Mott, Columbus.
Secretary—M. J. Verdery, Augusta.
Treasurer—L. Haynes, Savannah.
Executive Committee—Mr. Cook, Marietta; J. A. Stewart, Atlanta; J. J. Cohen, Rome; G. W. Burr, Macon; John M. Clark, Augusta.

A premium of $500 for the largest quantity of white wheat grown on twenty acres in Georgia, and the same amount for the largest quantity of red wheat grown on twenty acres was offered by the Convention.

The following delegates to the Millers Association of the United States, assembling at Chicago on the 11th of January, 1874, were appointed:

John M. Clark, G. A. Whitehead, W. M. Jackson, Augusta; L. Haynes, Savannah; G. W. Burr, G. W. Bates, Macon; Mr. Cook, Marietta; J. J. Cohen, Rome; G. W. Woodruff, Columbus; J. M. Veach, Adairsville.

On motion, the President was added to the committee as Chairman.

On motion, the Association adjourned, to meet in Atlanta on the third Wednesday in September, 1874.

WHAT PEARE HAS GOT.—Fresh Norfolk oysters, Mobile in the shell, fresh water brim, red snappers from the Gulf, shrimps, squabbs, quail on toast, tender loin and Porterhouse steak. Well, that is enough for one hungry man.

The long winter evenings is coming, boys—
Short days but adds gloom to the night,
For the thousands that are down at Peace's,
Good health makes the heart ever light.
sept27-2t

A VERY important meeting of the Memorial Association will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the Library Rooms

A HOUSEHOLD GODDESS.

From White Rose and Red.]
Dimpled, dainty, peachblow beauty,
Wavy-haired and velvet-eyed;
Warm with motherly devotion,
Prudent, modest, [illegible] pride;
Lilly-handled, tiny-footed,
With an ankle [illegible] neat,
Neatly gloved and [illegible] wrist!
Looking nice and smelling sweet!
Half-proud of [illegible]-beauty
To a sober [illegible] of duty,
Queen [illegible]
[illegible]

In her very style of looking,
There was [illegible]
From her very dress [illegible]
Indications of housekeeping;
You might gather in a minute,
As she lightly passed you by,
She could (with her whole heart in it!)
Nurse a babe or make a pie.
Yet her [illegible]
Shook [illegible]
With [illegible]
And their infinite reserve.

The Sultan of Morocco.

A cable telegram from London, under date of yesterday, announces the death of His Imperial Highness Sidi-Mohamet Sultan—styled by Europeans Emperor—of Morocco. He acceded to the chief power in the year 1859. His reign was troubled unusually by internal factions and frequent outbreaks and the diplomatic pressure of several of the Old World Great Powers. His Majesty bore the sovereign title of "Leader of the True Believers," but was ordinarily styled by his subjects *Seid-na* (Our Lord.) He married in his youth a French woman, Mamble Lantenier, who subsequently became Empress of Morocco. She is a native of Chatley, near Dole (Jura,) where she was born on the 30th November, 1820, in a poor cottage. She went with her parents in 1834 to Algeria, and the whole family were taken prisoners by the Moroccans. Her father was killed and her mother died a short time afterward. The captors, dazzled by the great beauty of Virginie, spared her, and by a concurrence of romantic circumstances the Emperor's son—just now deceased—fell in love with her and made her his wife. The Empress has since sought and still holds her place in the interior of the Moroccan court, which they are attached. An English popular paper, published a few years ago, on the home condition and commerce of Morocco, concluded with the following words: "When the rulers of the country shall be possessed of intelligence and energy and guided by a spirit of justice, and shall evince some appreciation of the benefits of civilization, Morocco may be expected to take a higher place among commercial nations; but, until then, its capabilities will continue to be neglected, public order will continue to be disturbed, industry will languish and trade and commerce be paralyzed."

☞ The campaign in Virginia is getting warm, and reminds the old politicians of the times when the clashings between the Old Whig and Democratic parties made the fur fly. Such epithets as rebels, copper-heads, nigger-heads and carpet-baggers flow from the stump as freely as the waters of Niagara. No duels have, however, yet taken place.

Reading Notices.

ANOTHER ARTICLE OF COMMON HOUSEHOLD USE SUSPENDED.—Associated with the earlier recollections of a great many men and women is the memory of the Bath brick and emery stone wherewith the knives and forks, and pans and kettles, and other kitchen articles were at stated times "scoured up." That primitive mode prevails to-day in thousands of families who have never used Sapolio. But once let Sapolio be used for this purpose and that housewife never wants Bath brick or emery stone any more. Sapolio not only scours off all rust and tarnish, it brightens, bestows a polish as brilliant as new, and does it in one tenth the time required by any other substance. Sold everywhere. Housekeepers, try it.
sept26 d1w&cw1t.

I AM thoroughly satisfied that Simmons' Liver Regulator is all it claims to be for Indigestion and Bilious Complaints. I have also heard many of my friends speak of it, and all agree that it possesses the virtues claimed for it. A. H. HIGHTOWER,
Conductor M. & W. R. R.
sep26-deod1w&cw1t

A GOOD THING DULY APPRECIATED.—No beneficial revolution ever goes backward; and this maxim is as invariable in medicines as in politics. The advent of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, twenty years ago, produced a revolution in the treatment of a large class of ailments, and that revolution has ever since been "in the full tide of successful experiment." If that tide has borne the proprietors of the celebrated vegetable specific "on to fortune," it has also borne thousands of human beings who were languishing under the effects of disease, weakness and hopeless, out of the depths of despondency into the paradise of health and cheerfulness. It is no exaggeration to say, that to the vigor, the regularity of habit of body, the good appetite and perfect digestion, acquired under the operation of this unequaled tonic and corrective, multitudes of people in every walk of life, who had been vainly physicked in the usual way, owe the blessings of renewed health and the prospect of prolonged life.
sep24-deod1w&cw1t.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine. Send for illustrated circular, to the McKee Manufacturing Company 309 Broadway, New York. may15-deod&wly.

THIS CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbuncles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 99 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive cure for scrofula and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly eliminates them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.
J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET,
oct9—d1y New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with humiliating, involuntary discharges. The consequences of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and 4 large $2 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by CUTLER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY C. POPE,
apr15—d3taw&w1y. Atlanta, Ga.

WORK.—Any person, old or young, of either sex, can make from $10 to $20 per week, at home and spare time. Wanted by all! Suitable to either City or Country, and any season of the year. This is a rare opportunity for those who are out of work, and out of money, to make an independent living. No capital being required. Our pamphlet, "How to Make a Living," giving full instructions, sent on receipt of 10 cents. Address A. Burgess & Co., Morrisania, Westchester county, may 15-deod&wly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ask your druggist for the KRESS
with each bottle, and is sold. No FEVER. Take no
Cure not other AGUE
CURE. Ask your druggist for it. It is the fairest.
Don't Forget the Warrant. If it fails to cure you, GET YOUR MONEY BACK.
W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

A GREAT SENSATION! Agents Wanted. Can't Salary, or Commission allowed. Sixty Days. Address, P. E. ELLIS & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $20 a week guaranteed. Employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 173 Greenwich street, N. Y.

MURDER? No, we would only call attention to our WELL AUGER, with which a child can bore 200 feet per day in good territory. It bores any diameter, and ordinary wells at the rate of 100 feet per day. Farm, Township and County Rights for sale. Descriptive book sent on receipt of 3 cents postage. Address, AUGER COMPANY,
St. Louis, Mo.

FOR PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,
PAGE'S PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR SAW MILLS.
Will cut from 200 to 2,000 feet per hour with one saw. Gang, Muley and Sash Saw Mills, Portable Grist Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Water Wheels, and every kind of Machinery accessory to the manufacture of Lumber. Address, GEO. PAGE & CO.,
No. 5 N. Schraders St., Baltimore, Md.
☞ Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price list.

WASHINGTON AND INSIDE.
AGENTS WANTED for a complete history of our National Capital. Its origin, growth, excellencies, abuses, beauties, and personages are all portrayed in that graphic style which has placed the author, GEO. ALF. TOWNSEND, among the foremost newspaper correspondents of the time. It gives bold startling, truthful inside views of Washington life, and Congressional and Lobbying Jobbery. Books ready for delivery. Extra terms for this State. Address,
S. M. BETTS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

"DOMESTIC" PAPER FASHIONS.
Agents Wanted.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, NEW YORK.

Write for Large Illustrated Price List. Address,
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
No. 119
SMITHFIELD ST. PITTSBURGH PA.
Breech-loading Shot Guns $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns $8 to $150. Single Guns $3 to $30. Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, $1 to $8 Gun Material, Fishing Tackle. Large discount to Dealers or Clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express C. O. D. to be examined before paid for.

NEVER
Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Brochial Tubes and all diseases of the Lungs.
In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.
Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, send at once to the Agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.
Don't be Deceived by Imitations.
Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN C. KELLOGG, 18 Platt street, New York.
Send for Circular. Sole Agents for United States.

DR. TUTTS VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.
THE ONLY KNOWN MEDICINE,
THAT AT THE SAME TIME
PURGES, PURIFIES AND STRENGTHENS THE SYSTEM.
Dr. Tutt's Pills are composed of many ingredients. Prominent among them are Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry, so united as to act together; the one, through its admixture with other substances, purifying and purging; while the other is strengthening the system. Thus these Pills are at the same time a tonic and a cathartic, a desideratum long sought for by medical men, but never before discovered. In other words, they do the work of two medicines and do it much better than any two we know of, for they remove nothing from the system but impurities, so that while they purge they also strengthen and hence they cause no debility and are followed by no reaction.
Dr. Tutt's Pills have a wonderful influence on the blood. They not only purify without weakening it, but they remove all noxious particles from the chyle before it is converted into fluid, and thus makes pure blood an utter impossibility. As there is no debilitation, so there is no nausea or sickness attending the operation of this most excellent medicine, which never strains or tortures the digestive organs, but causes them to work in a perfect y natural manner hence persons taking them do not become pale and emaciated, but on the contrary, while all impurities are being removed, the combined action of the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry purifies and invigorates the body, and a robust state of health is the result of their united action. Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. Depot 44 Courtland street, New York.

The First Division
OF THE
St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company
OFFER FOR SALE
1,500,000 ACRES!
PRAIRIE, TIMBER AND MEADOW LANDS.
PRICES RANGE FROM
$4 TO $15 PER ACRE!
Ten Years' Credit Given When Desired.
ALSO
TOWN LOTS
AT MODERATE PRICES IN TOWNS AT RAILROAD STATIONS.
GOVERNMENT LANDS.
still to be had, under Homestead Law, along all lines of this company.
ON THE MAIN LINE,
between Benson and Breckenridge, we also sell
WHOLE SECTIONS AT SIX DOLLARS PER ACRE.
On 3½ Years' Time, Free of Interest, on condition that the purchaser breaks the whole section within a year from purchase and plants forty acres in timber, for which the Company will furnish young trees or seed. For particulars address
HERMANN TROTT,
Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minnesota.
sep26-deod4w&w4t

FEAGIN & BROTHER,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MACON SALES AND LIVERY STABLES
Plum st, near Brown House and Passenger Depot.
SPECIAL attention to Transient Stock. Superior accommodations for Drove Stock. Finest Carriages and best Horses for hire.

Bar and Restaurant.
OPEN ALL NIGHT,
J. VALENTINO,
HAVING refitted his entire premises, is now prepared to furnish his friends and patrons with everything pertaining to a first-class restaurant, which will be served in the very best style. He will always have on hand
OYSTERMAW
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, ETC.
Strangers visiting Macon should give him a call.
I will open on the 1st of October, at No. 69 Cherry street, next door to my present restaurant, a LADIES' DINING SALOON. JOHN VALENTINO.
sep16—d1f

G. & S. SALOSHIN,
Brokers and Bankers.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS
No. 12 Peachtree Street, 3 doors north of National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr11-d9m

J. S. OLIVER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,
Atlanta.....Georgia.
KEEP ON HAND
Corn, Meal, Oats, Flour, Bran, Bacon, Lard, Bagging and Ties.
We solicit consignments of Cotton, are prepared to sell same at highest market price and to make liberal advances. sep14—d1mo

D. F. FLEMING. JAMES M. WILSON.
3,000 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES
For Fall Trade.
We are now receiving from the Manufacturers a very large and well selected stock of BOOTS, SHOES and TRUNKS of every description, which will be sold as low as in any other market. Merchants visiting Charleston are invited to examine our stock.
D. F. FLEMING & CO.,
No. 2 HAYNE STREET, CORNER OF CHURCH STREET.
SAMUEL A. NELSON. JAMES GILFILLIN.
aug26-2m

American Cotton Tie!
100 TONS OF ARROW TIES, for sale by
STEPHENS & FLYNN.
SEED RYE.—1,000 bushels for sale by
STEPHENS & FLYNN.
ARROW TIES.—We are Agents in Atlanta for the AMERICAN COTTON TIE COMPANY. Can supply dealers with the famed Arrow Tie. Send in your orders.
STEPHENS & FLYNN.
Atlanta, Georgia, August 31, 1873—dlmo

THE COMMONWEALTH
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK CITY,
Does business upon popular plans that the people can comprehend, and at the minimum rates of all first class companies.
The "Commonwealth" is Safe, Popular and Prompt,
WITH A PRACTICAL AND ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.
THOMAS U. CONNER,
Georgia, Manager of the Georgia Department.
Examine the Savings Bank Plan. sep2—d1awly

ESTABLISHED 1835.
J. O. MATHEWSON.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT.
REFERENCE NATIONAL PARK BANK NEW YORK.
AUGUSTA, GA.

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.
CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.
The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.
CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.
The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.
Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta
TO
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.
BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.
Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON
ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.
Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.
The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are
Unrivaled on the Coast.
Through Tickets on Sale at
MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. R. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
apr24-dtf

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
Georgia Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.30 o'clock	A. M
Leave Atlanta	8.15 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 "	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	9.15	P. M
Leave Atlanta	6.00	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.15	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	8.15	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45	A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15	P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	6.00	P. M
Arrive at Chattanooga	1.10	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	8.30	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4.35	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8.45	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.20	P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8.45	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.30	P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	4.35	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12.30	A. M
Leaves Dalton	2.40	A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9.50	A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	11 30	P. M
Arrives at West Point	4 10	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 40	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 40	P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30	P. M
Arrive at West Point	8 30	P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	9 05	A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 30	A. M

Macon and Western Railroad.
DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7:00	A. M
Leaves Macon	7:15	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5:30	P. M
Arrive at Macon	5:40	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1:55	P. M
Leaves Macon	11:00	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5:45	A. M
Arrives at Macon	7:30	P. M

Alpharetta Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	7 45	A. M
Arrive Alpharetta	2 30	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Charlotte	4 30	A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	11 15	P. M

PULLUM & LOW,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
(Successors to Hand, Craig & Co.,)
At the old stand of Pemberton, Taylor & Co.,
13 KIMBALL HOUSE, DECATUR STREET,
Atlanta.....Georgia.
John Daniel and Leslie Smith will be found to serve and wait on their old friends. aug17-4mo&wed2t

GRAND GIFT CONCERT,
IN AID OF
Public Library
OF COLORADO.
FIRST LEGAL DRAWING!
TIME EXTENDED
OCTOBER 1st, 1873.
LAST CHANCE!
Great Portion of the Tickets already taken!
Tickets, $1 00 Each, or 6 for $5 00.
$70,000.00.

1	Grand Cash Gift		$40 000
1	"		5,000
3	"		3,000
5	Cash Gifts,	500 each..	2,500
10	" "	200 each..	2,000
25	" "	100 each..	2,500
50	" "	50 each..	2,500
100	" "	20 each..	2,000
200	" "	10 each..	2,000
400	" "	5 each..	2,000
3,250	" "	2 each..	6,500
4,045	Gifts, amounting to		$70,000

The number of tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blind children, and the Gifts drawn from another. This enterprise is indorsed by the best business men of our Territory. The small price of tickets is a guarantee of a speedy sale, making this one of the best chances ever offered. Money can be sent safely in registered letters, post office money orders, by express or by letters, carefully sealed and plainly directed.
Make up Your Clubs
and send orders soon, as only a few tickets remain to be sold.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
GEN. S. E. BROWNE, | DR. W. H. BUCHTEL,
HON. D. M. RICHARDS, | HON. W. N. BYERS,
DR. A. L. JUSTICE.
☞ Good agents wanted, to whom liberal commissions will be allowed.
Address,
J. W. SUITTERLIN, MANAGER,
aug26-d&wtf DENVER, COL.

Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.
I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 30 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.
I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.
For sale by all druggists,
Price 25 cents a Box.
None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.
Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 340, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets Atlanta Ga. may14-d6mo

COME ONE, COME ALL & REGISTER!
ALL wishing to participate in our municipal elections are required to come to my office in the City Hall and register their names, where the books are now open for that purpose.
Atlanta, September 14th, 1873.
FRANK T. RYAN,
sept14-d3w City Clerk.

MRS. E. M. STOVALL,
PROPRIETRESS of The Barlow House) Cartersville, Ga. Having recently taken charge of this House, she has thoroughly renovated and refurnished it, in all its departments, and is now prepared to afford to the traveling public entertainment adequate to the times, at moderate prices. She has also secured additional suits of rooms, is prepared to accommodate a few families with Board. Summer visitors will find Cartersville one of the healthiest localities in the South.
P. S. SHELMAN.

Judson's Marble Works,
ATLANTA, GA.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Italian and American Marble,
Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.
Office and Works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Prices reasonable.
Terms cash.
Address D. N. JUDSON,
aug10-1y Atlanta, Ga.

IRON WAREHOUSE
OF THE
Scofield Rolling Mill Company
Atlanta, Georgia.
NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET.
Bar Iron of all kinds, warranted equal to any made, wholesale and retail at 4½c. rates.
Call and examine the stock and get a Price List.
sep2—d&wtf

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT!
The Orchard Farm for Sale!
THIS VALUABLE PLANTATION, KNOWN AS THE J. D. SMITH PLACE, IS SITUATED TWO and three-quarter miles South of Marietta, Georgia, two miles from Smyrna, and one-half mile from Western and Atlantic Railroad, contains 400 acres land, about half open, 182 acres in cultivation, well watered with several streams running through it, on which there is 30 or 40 acres bottom land; it has several springs and wells of excellent freestone water on it, a seven room Frame Dwelling, on a beautiful and healthy location, outbuildings and six tenant houses now occupied by renters. There are 24 acres Apple Orchard now bearing, mostly good winter varieties. This orchard alone has been paying from 16 to 20 per cent. annually on the value of the place.
Also, ONE RESIDENT AND BUSINESS LOT in South Rome, Georgia, lying joining, fronting on Main street, containing one-half acre each. The former has a three room Dwelling, porch in front, finished and painted, cow house and lot, a No. 1 garden and well of water. The latter has a frame store house, finished and painted, wagon yard, wagoner's house, stables for stock, two wells of water and good fencing and gates. Improvements all new. Come at once and secure bargains. For further information address the undersigned at Marietta or Rome, Georgia, or apply to parties on the premises of the places.
T. F. SMITH.
sep2—dtf

WILLIAM RICH & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
Notions, Fancy Goods, Millinery and White Goods,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
N. B.—We Duplicate New York Bills.
sep14—dtf

Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route!
REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.
DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION
VIA
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,
AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA
Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,
AND THE
MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,
CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA.
The equipment of the Roads of this is First-Class;
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains.
DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upo entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia. Atlanta, passengers connect with the 5:50 P. M. train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon and peake Bay, having, in the latter case, nnections via Richmond, or the route up Chesa
But One Night Railway Travel
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON.
Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.
Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routes at all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.
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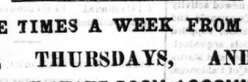
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2,300 Stove Pots—assorted sizes,
1,000 Waffle Irons,
2,000 Tea Kettles,
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2,000 Griddles,
4,000 pounds Sad Irons,
1,000 Ovens, Skillets and Lids—Jno. Savory's Light English Ware,
250 Loyal Cook Stoves,
150 CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES,
150 Matchless Cook Stoves,
150 No. 6 and 7 Demand Cook Stoves,
150 Atlanta Cook Stoves,
200 Best Cook Stoves,
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350 Heating Stoves—all styles and sizes,
250 Coal Hods,
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